

**NFPA®**

**170**

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**Standard for Fire Safety  
and Emergency Symbols**

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**2018**



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## NFPA® 170

### Standard for

## Fire Safety and Emergency Symbols

### 2018 Edition

This edition of NFPA 170, *Standard for Fire Safety and Emergency Symbols*, was prepared by the Technical Committee on Fire Safety and Emergency Symbols. It was issued by the Standards Council on April 3, 2017, with an effective date of April 23, 2017, and supersedes all previous editions.

This edition of NFPA 170 was approved as an American National Standard on April 23, 2017.

### Origin and Development of NFPA 170

The 1994 edition of NFPA 170 represented the completion of an effort to combine four previously separate documents that covered fire safety symbols for different purposes. These documents were the following:

NFPA 171, *Public Firesafety Symbols*

NFPA 172, *Fire Protection Symbols for Architectural and Engineering Drawings*

NFPA 174, *Fire Protection Symbols for Risk Analysis Diagrams*

NFPA 178, *Symbols for Fire Fighting Operations*

The Technical Committee on Fire Safety Symbols believed that placing all fire safety symbols in one document made it easier for users of symbols to find the one(s) most appropriate for their application. It also eliminated duplication between these and eventually other NFPA documents.

The first edition of NFPA 170, in 1991, placed these four documents in one document but did not combine them, except for definitions that were in each document.

For the second edition of NFPA 170, in 1994, the Technical Committee on Fire Safety Symbols completely restructured the text into a logical and cohesive arrangement. The duplication of symbols that occurred during the aforementioned consolidation of documents was eliminated. New symbols added included those for *campfire prohibitions*, *smoke barriers*, *illuminated exit signs*, and *belowground tanks*.

For the third (1996) edition of NFPA 170, changes included the following:

- (1) Upgrading recommendations on *pre-incident planning* to requirements
- (2) Adding new symbols for *pull station*, *area of refuge*, and *cooking prohibition*
- (3) Clarifying the symbols for *smoke detectors*, *battery-powered emergency lights*, and *fire service/emergency telephone station*
- (4) Recognizing the phaseout of Halon now taking place and the introduction of *clean agents*

The 1999 edition further recognized the introduction of clean agents by adding new symbols for *clean agent* and *water mist systems*. A new appendix (Appendix C) was added to include symbols that can be used for life safety planning.

The 2002 edition was reformatted to conform to the *Manual of Style for NFPA Technical Committee Documents*. Symbols for fire alarm system components were added for consistency with NFPA 72®, *National Fire Alarm Code*®.

In 2004, the scope of the committee was expanded to include emergency symbols to allow emergency mapping symbols in a new Chapter 8.

The 2006 edition of NFPA 170 included the refinement of exit symbology for better recognition of exit, arrow, and flame symbols that are consistent with international standards.

A new Chapter 8, Symbology for Emergency Management Mapping, was added to assist the user in the preparation for, prevention of, protection against, response to, and recovery from threats to the nation's population centers and critical infrastructure from terrorist, criminal, accidental, or natural origin.

The symbols in Chapter 8 were the result of efforts by the Federal Geographic Data Committee — Homeland Security Working Group (<http://www.fgdc.gov/fgdc/homeland/index.html>). The symbols were included in the 2006 edition so that they can be processed through an accredited standards-writing organization and made available to the public.

The 2009 edition of NFPA 170 included a new chapter (Chapter 9) that provided guidance on the development of emergency evacuation diagrams and plans.

The 2012 edition of NFPA 170 included a new Chapter 7 and a new Chapter 8, previously all encompassed within the old Chapter 6. This affected symbol detail for various device symbols such as fire alarm devices, fire sprinkler devices, electronic fire and smoke detection, and so forth. This action better organized existing symbols within the standard for the user.

The 2015 edition revised several symbols for consistency and clarity. The “wisp of smoke” was replaced by an “S” to simplify the symbol when viewed on plans. Many tables were reorganized for clarity and ease of use as well.

In the 2018 edition, the tornado symbol has been added, and several references have been updated. The term *smoke barrier* has been changed to *smoke rated*, and the term *fire barrier* has been changed to *fire rated*. More details have been added to the symbols for a fire department connection. A distinction has been made between water-driven and electric-driven water flow alarms.

**Technical Committee on Fire Safety and Emergency Symbols****James M. Mundy, Jr.,** *Chair*Asset Protection Associates, Ltd., NY [M]  
Rep. Automatic Fire Alarm Association, Inc.**Scott Bailey,** Koorsen Fire & Security, IN [M]  
Rep. Fire Suppression Systems Association**Cecil Bilbo, Jr.,** Academy of Fire Sprinkler Technology, Inc., IL [SE]**Thomas F. Bresnahan,** BC Associates, IL [SE]  
Rep. American Society of Safety Engineers**Chris L. Butts,** Pond & Company, GA [SE]**David C. Cox,** Fire Safety Displays Company, MI [M]**Patrick T. Earley,** New Brunswick Fire Department, NJ [U]**Aaron C. Jones,** GHD Inc., MD [SE]**Stephen P. Rinaldi,** Los Alamos County Fire Department, NM [E]**Keith R. Salzman,** Clear Air Force Station Fire Department, AK [U]**Brad Schiffer,** Brad Schiffer/Taxis, Inc., FL [SE]**William D. Smith,** PASCO - Palmetto Automatic Sprinkler Co., GA [M]**Christopher Willms,** Sea Girt Fire Company #1, NJ [E]**Thomas R. Wood,** Boca Raton Fire Rescue Services, FL [E]**Alternates****Thomas E. Heebner,** HUB International, IL [SE]  
(Alt. to Thomas F. Bresnahan)**Romil Patel,** Siemens Building Technologies, Inc., NJ [M]  
Rep. National Electrical Manufacturers Association  
(Voting Alt.)**Thomas G. Wellen,** American Fire Sprinkler Association, Inc., TX [IM]  
(Voting Alt.)**Richard P. Bielen,** NFPA Staff Liaison

*This list represents the membership at the time the Committee was balloted on the final text of this edition. Since that time, changes in the membership may have occurred. A key to classifications is found at the back of the document.*

NOTE: Membership on a committee shall not in and of itself constitute an endorsement of the Association or any document developed by the committee on which the member serves.

**Committee Scope:** This Committee shall have primary responsibility for documents on fire safety and emergency symbols including those for building design plans, investigation diagrams, maps, and for public fire safety and emergency. It shall coordinate its work with NFPA technical committees and other groups dealing with subjects to which fire safety symbols apply.

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NFPA 170

Standard for

Fire Safety and Emergency Symbols

2018 Edition

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**NOTICE:** An asterisk (\*) following the number or letter designating a paragraph indicates that explanatory material on the paragraph can be found in Annex A.

A reference in brackets [ ] following a section or paragraph indicates material that has been extracted from another NFPA document. As an aid to the user, the complete title and edition of the source documents for extracts in mandatory sections of the document are given in Chapter 2 and those for extracts in informational sections are given in Annex E. Extracted text may be edited for consistency and style and may include the revision of internal paragraph references and other references as appropriate. Requests for interpretations or revisions of extracted text shall be sent to the technical committee responsible for the source document.

Information on referenced publications can be found in Chapter 2 and Annex E.

Chapter 1 Administration

**1.1 Scope.** This standard presents symbols used for fire safety, emergency, and associated hazards.

**1.2 Purpose.** The purpose of this standard is to standardize the symbols used in representing fire safety, emergency, and associated hazards.

**1.3 Retroactivity.** The provisions of this standard reflect a consensus of what is necessary to provide an acceptable degree of protection from the hazards addressed in this standard at the time the standard was issued.

**1.3.1** Unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this standard shall not apply to facilities, equipment, structures, or installations that existed or were approved for construction or installation prior to the effective date of the standard. Where specified, the provisions of this standard shall be retroactive.

**1.3.2** In those cases where the authority having jurisdiction determines that the existing situation presents an unacceptable degree of risk, the authority having jurisdiction shall be permitted to apply retroactively any portions of this standard deemed appropriate.

**1.3.3** The retroactive requirements of this standard shall be permitted to be modified if their application clearly would be impractical in the judgment of the authority having jurisdiction, and only where it is clearly evident that a reasonable degree of safety is provided.

**1.4 Equivalency.** Nothing in this standard is intended to prevent the use of systems, methods, or devices of equivalent or superior quality, strength, fire resistance, effectiveness, durability, and safety over those prescribed by this standard.

**1.4.1** Technical documentation shall be submitted to the authority having jurisdiction to demonstrate equivalency.

**1.4.2** The system, method, or device shall be approved for the intended purpose by the authority having jurisdiction.

**1.5 Units.** Metric units of measurement used in this standard shall be in accordance with the International System of Units (SI). One unit (liter), outside of but recognized by SI, is commonly used in international fire protection. For conversion factors, see Table 1.5.

Table 1.5 Metric Conversion Factors

Name of Unit	Unit Symbol	Conversion Factor
Liter	L	1 gal = 3.785 L
Cubic decimeter	dm <sup>3</sup>	1 gal = 3.785 dm <sup>3</sup>
Pascal	Pa	1 psi = 6894.757 Pa
Meter	m	1 ft = 0.3048 m
Millimeter	mm	1 in. = 25.4 mm

Chapter 2 Referenced Publications

**2.1 General.** The documents or portions thereof listed in this chapter are referenced within this standard and shall be considered part of the requirements of this document.

**2.2 NFPA Publications.** National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169-7471.

NFPA 101®, *Life Safety Code*®, 2015 edition.

NFPA 704, *Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response*, 2017 edition.

**2.3 Other Publications.**

**2.3.1 ANSI Publications.** American National Standards Institute, Inc., 25 West 43rd Street, 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

ICC/ANSI A117.1, *Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities*, 2009.

ANSI Z535.1, *Safety Color Code*, 2011.



**2.3.2 ASTM Publications.** ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.

ASTM E2072, *Standard Specification for Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Safety Markings*.

ASTM E2073, *Standard Test Method for Photopic Luminance of Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Markings*.

**2.3.3 FAMA Publications.** Fire Apparatus Manufacturers Association, P.O. Box 397, Lynnfield, MA 01940.

FAMA TC00, *Graphical Symbols for Automotive Fire Apparatus*, 2014-10.

FAMA TC010, *Standard Product Safety Sign Catalog for Automotive Fire Apparatus*, 2012.

**2.3.4 NECA Publications.** National Electrical Contractors Association, 3 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1100, Bethesda, MD 20814.

NECA NEIS 100, *Symbols for Electrical Construction Drawings*, 2013.

**2.3.5 UL Publications.** Underwriters Laboratories Inc., 333 Pfingsten Road, Northbrook, IL 60062-2096.

UL 924, *Standard for Emergency Lighting and Power Equipment*, 2006.

ANSI/UL 1994, *Standard for Luminous Egress Path Marking Systems*.

### 2.3.6 Other Publications.

*Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary*, 11th edition, Merriam-Webster, Inc., Springfield, MA, 2003.

## 2.4 References for Extracts in Mandatory Sections.

NFPA 10, *Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers*, 2017 edition.

## Chapter 3 Definitions

**3.1 General.** The definitions contained in this chapter shall apply to the terms used in this standard. Where terms are not defined in this chapter or within another chapter, they shall be defined using their ordinarily accepted meanings within the context in which they are used. *Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary*, 11th edition, shall be the source for the ordinarily accepted meaning.

### 3.2 NFPA Official Definitions.

**3.2.1 Approved.** Acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction.

**3.2.2\* Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).** An organization, office, or individual responsible for enforcing the requirements of a code or standard, or for approving equipment, materials, an installation, or a procedure.

**3.2.3 Labeled.** Equipment or materials to which has been attached a label, symbol, or other identifying mark of an organization that is acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction

and concerned with product evaluation, that maintains periodic inspection of production of labeled equipment or materials, and by whose labeling the manufacturer indicates compliance with appropriate standards or performance in a specified manner.

**3.2.4\* Listed.** Equipment, materials, or services included in a list published by an organization that is acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction and concerned with evaluation of products or services, that maintains periodic inspection of production of listed equipment or materials or periodic evaluation of services, and whose listing states that either the equipment, material, or service meets appropriate designated standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose.

**3.2.5 Shall.** Indicates a mandatory requirement.

**3.2.6 Should.** Indicates a recommendation or that which is advised but not required.

**3.2.7 Standard.** An NFPA Standard, the main text of which contains only mandatory provisions using the word "shall" to indicate requirements and that is in a form generally suitable for mandatory reference by another standard or code or for adoption into law. Nonmandatory provisions are not to be considered a part of the requirements of a standard and shall be located in an appendix, annex, footnote, informational note, or other means as permitted in the NFPA Manuals of Style. When used in a generic sense, such as in the phrase "standards development process" or "standards development activities," the term "standards" includes all NFPA Standards, including Codes, Standards, Recommended Practices, and Guides.

### 3.3 General Definitions.

**3.3.1 Photoluminescent.** Having the property of emitting light that continues for a length of time after excitation by visible or invisible light has been removed. [UL 924: Section 202]

**3.3.2 Pre-Incident Planning.** A written document resulting from the gathering of general and detailed information/data to be used by public emergency response agencies and private industry for determining the response to reasonable anticipated emergency incidents at a specific facility.

**3.3.3\* Referent.** An object or concept (message) represented by a symbol.

**3.3.4 Self-Luminous (Emergency Symbols).** A type of sign with an integral legend that is powered continuously by a self-contained energy source other than a battery, such as radioactive tritium gas. Operation of a self-luminous sign is independent of external power supplies or other external forms of energy. This definition does not include exit signs dependent upon photoluminescent materials. [UL 924: Section 202]

**3.3.5\* Supplementary Indicators.** Figures, numbers, subscripts, or letter abbreviations used to enhance the effectiveness of symbols.

**3.3.6\* Symbol.** A graphic representation of a referent.

## Chapter 4 Symbols for General Use

### 4.1 Introduction.

**4.1.1** This chapter presents general referents and symbols for fire prevention and visual alerting that shall be used for fire and related life safety emergencies.

### 4.1.2 Purpose.

**4.1.2.1** This chapter shall provide uniform fire safety symbols to improve communication wherever signs and symbols are employed to provide fire safety information.

**4.1.2.2** This chapter provides uniformity in the selection of symbols that shall be designed to assist in locating exits, fire safety alerting equipment, and safe areas.

**4.1.2.3\*** The fundamental imagery for symbols, as well as their background color and shape, shall be designated in this chapter.

### 4.1.3\* Symbol Presentation.

**4.1.3.1** The orientation for prohibition symbols shall not be altered from that shown in this chapter.

**4.1.3.2** The symbol background shape shall be as specified in Table 4.2.

**4.1.3.2.1\*** For prohibition symbols, a circle and diagonal slash (at 45 degrees from upper left to lower right) shall be used.


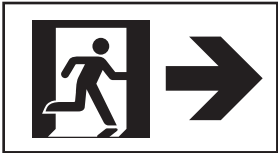

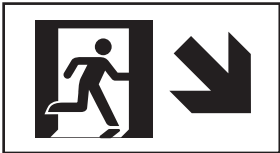
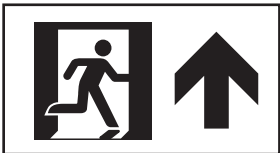

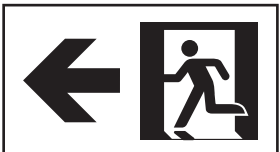
**4.1.3.3 Symbol Color.** The symbol color shall meet the requirements of ANSI Z535.1, *Safety Color Code*.

**4.1.3.4\*** Symbols shall be permitted to be used in combination with other symbols, either vertically or horizontally, on the same sign or on separate signs adjacent to each other.

**4.2\* Symbols for General Use.** The symbols for general use shall be as given in Table 4.2.

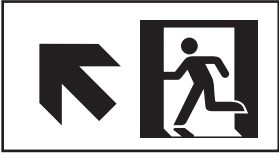



**4.3 Class of Fire Symbols.** The symbols for class of fire shall be as given in Figure 4.3(a) and Figure 4.3(b).

Table 4.2 Symbols for General Use

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Example
<b>Emergency Exit</b> 	Square field Background green Door opening white Image in green	The identification and location of an emergency exit	The location of exit for use in a fire emergency
<b>Emergency Exit Use of Arrows — Rectangular Field</b> 	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress to the right
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress up and to the right
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress down and to the right
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress forward
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress down
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress to the left






(continues)

Table 4.2 *Continued*

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Example
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black  Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress up and to the left
	Painted version: Background color white Arrows red or black  Backlit version: Doorway, arrows, and lettering in green or red	The identification and location of a route to an emergency exit	Progress down and to the left
Emergency Exit Route (Combination of Two Symbols) 	Square field Background green Door opening white Image in green  For arrows: Square field Green arrow on white background or white arrow on green background	The identification and location of a route to be used in an emergency	The direction to a fire exit
Accessible Emergency Exit (Combination of Two Symbols) 	Square field Background green Door opening white Image in green International symbol of accessibility per ICC/ANSI A117.1, <i>Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities</i>	The identification of a route that leads to an emergency exit that is accessible to disabled users, as specified by ICC/ANSI A117.1, <i>Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities</i>	The location of a route toward a fire exit that is accessible to disabled users





(continues)

Table 4.2 Continued

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Example
<b>Accessible Emergency Exit Route (Combination of Three Symbols)</b> 	<p>Square field Background green Door opening white Image in green</p> <p>International symbol of accessibility per ICC/ANSI A117.1, <i>Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities</i></p> <p>For arrows: Square field Green arrow on white background or white arrow on green background</p>	The identification of a route that leads to an emergency exit that is accessible to disabled users	The location of the route toward a fire exit that is accessible to disabled users
<b>Not an Exit</b> 	<p>Circular field Red prohibition symbol Background white Door frame green Door opening white Image in black</p>	The identification of doors that do NOT lead to an exit	The location of an interior door such as one leading to a closet, an interior courtyard, or a basement
<b>Use Stairs in Case of Fire</b> 	<p>Square field Red flame Black figure White background</p>	An instruction to the user to use stairs (downward egress) in case of fire	The identification that stairs are to be used in case of fire
<b>Use Stairs in Case of Fire</b> 	<p>Square field Red flame Black figure White background</p>	An instruction to the user to use stairs (upward egress) in case of fire	The identification that stairs are to be used in case of fire
<b>Do Not Use Elevator in Case of Fire</b> 	<p>Rectangular field Red flame Black figures White background Red circle and slash</p>	An instruction not to use elevators in case of fire	Posted near elevator call button




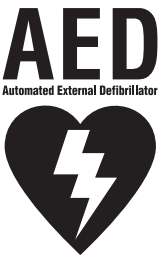


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Table 4.2 *Continued*

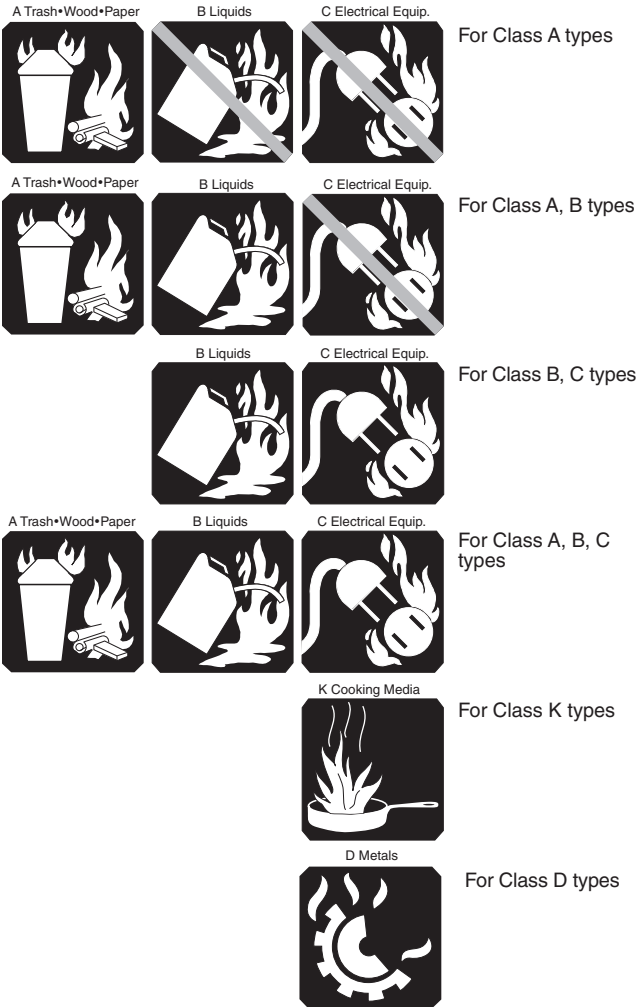
Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Example
<b>No Open Flame — Flame</b> 	Circular field Red circle and slash Black image White background	The identification of areas in which open flame is prohibited	The identification of areas, such as combustible storage areas, gas stations, and hazardous areas
<b>No Open Flame — Lighted Match</b> 	Circular field Red circle and slash Black image White background	An instruction not to use lighted matches	Where posted, the use of matches is prohibited
<b>No Smoking</b> 	Circular field Red circle and slash Black image White background	The identification of areas in which smoking is prohibited	The identification of areas, such as those for flammable liquid storage, where smoking could lead to fire or explosion
<b>No Campfires</b> 	Circular field Red circle and slash Black image White background	The identification of areas where campfires are not permitted	The identification of areas, such as municipal parks, where campfires are not permitted
<b>Manual Station — Pull Station/Fire Alarm Box</b> 	Rectangular field Red background White flame White hand White box White horn	An instruction to actuate an alarm-initiating device in a fire emergency	Posted above a manually activated initiating device
<b>No Cooking</b> 	Square field White background Red flame Black pot and steam Red circle and slash	An instruction not to cook food in an area	Posted inside a guest room in a hotel or a student room in a college dormitory

(continues)

Table 4.2 Continued

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Example
<b>Area of Refuge</b> 	Square field White background Red flame	The identification of an area of refuge	A designated area of refuge to be used in a fire emergency
<b>Severe Weather Shelter Area</b> 	Background yellow Figures black Black storm symbol	The identification for a severe weather shelter. Include appropriate symbol for type of storm anticipated (e.g., cyclone, tornado)	Tornado shelter
<b>No Hanger</b> 	Red circle and slash Black image	To prohibit hanging clothes or other items from sprinklers	Where posted
<b>Automated External Defibrillator (AED)</b> 	Square field White background Red heart White bolt through the heart Black lettering	To identify the location of AEDs	Posted in airports and other places of assembly
<b>Fire Extinguisher</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	For everyday use in workplaces and public areas; supplementary text sign can be used to increase comprehension	Fire safety signage, manuals, and notices
<b>Fire Hose or Standpipe</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	For everyday use in workplaces and public areas; supplementary text sign can be used to increase comprehension	Fire safety signage, manuals, and notices

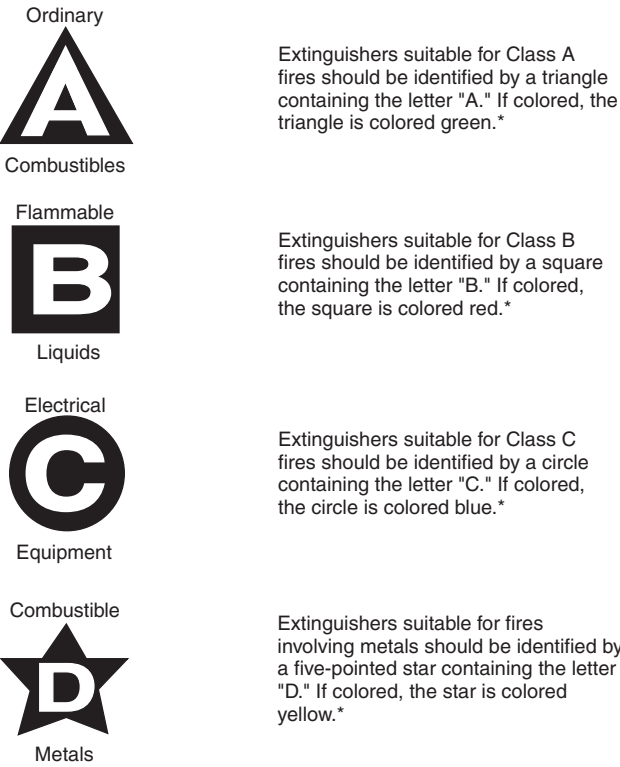




Note: Recommended colors, per PMS (Pantone Matching System) include the following:

BLUE — 299  
RED — Warm Red

**FIGURE 4.3(a) Recommended Marking System. [10:Figure B.1.1]**



\* Recommended colors, per PMS (Pantone Matching System) include the following:  
GREEN — Basic Green  
RED — 192 Red  
BLUE — Process Blue  
YELLOW — Basic Yellow

**FIGURE 4.3(b) Letter-Shaped Symbol Markings. [10:Figure B.2.2]**

## Chapter 5 Symbols for Use by the Fire Service

### 5.1 Introduction.

**5.1.1\*** This chapter presents standard referents and symbols that shall be used for visually alerting fire fighters and other emergency responders during fire and related emergencies.

**5.1.2\*** Fundamental shapes of symbols, as well as the background color and shape, shall be as designated in this chapter.

#### 5.1.3\* Symbol Presentation.

**5.1.3.1\* Symbol Shapes.** The shape of symbols shall be as illustrated in Section 5.2.

#### 5.1.3.2 Symbol Background.

**5.1.3.2.1** The symbol background shall be as specified in Table 5.2.

**5.1.3.2.2** The symbol background color shall be red, white, or blue as designated and shall meet the requirements of ANSI Z535.1, *Safety Color Code*, for safety red, white, or blue.

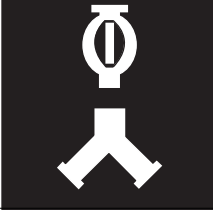

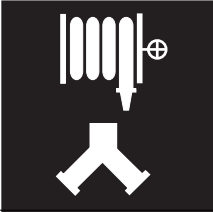


**5.1.3.3 Symbol Color.** The symbol color shall be safety white or blue and shall meet the requirements of ANSI Z535.1, *Safety Color Code*, for safety white or blue.

**5.1.3.4 Symbol Orientation.** Symbol orientation shall not be altered from that shown in this chapter.

**5.2\* Symbols for Use by the Fire Service.** The symbols for use by the fire service shall be as given in Table 5.2.



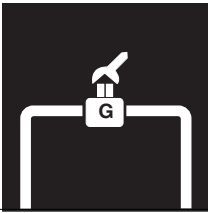
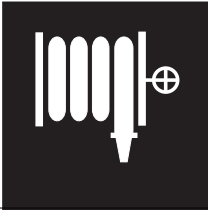


**5.3 Fire Apparatus Safety Symbols.** Safety signs referenced in this standard beginning with the letters FAMA shall conform to the text and graphics of the referenced safety sign number found in FAMA TC010, *Standard Product Safety Sign Catalog for Automotive Fire Apparatus*.

Table 5.2 Symbols for Use by the Fire Service

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Examples
<b>Fire Department Automatic Sprinkler Connection — Siamese</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of a fire department automatic sprinkler connection	The location of a siamese automatic sprinkler connections on buildings The location of siamese freestanding automatic sprinkler connections
<b>Fire Department Automatic Sprinkler Connection — Single</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of a fire department automatic sprinkler connection	The location of a single automatic sprinkler connection on buildings The location of a single freestanding automatic sprinkler connection
<b>Fire Department Standpipe Connection</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of a fire department standpipe connection	The location of standpipe connections on buildings and structures The location of freestanding standpipe connections
<b>Fire Department Combined Automatic Sprinkler/Standpipe Connection</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of a fire department combined automatic sprinkler/standpipe connection	The location of combined sprinkler/standpipe connections on buildings The location of freestanding combined sprinkler/standpipe connections
<b>Fire Hydrant (All Types)</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of a fire hydrant	The location of fire hydrants, wall hydrants, underground hydrants, or other fire-fighting water supplies






(continues)

Table 5.2 Continued

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Examples
<b>Automatic Sprinkler Control Valve</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The identification and location of an automatic sprinkler control valve	The location of control valves for automatic sprinkler systems On doors of rooms containing control valves
<b>Electric Panel or Electric Shutoff</b> 	Square field Blue background White symbol	The identification and location of an electrical panel or other electric shutoff device	The location of electric panels or other electric control devices that can be located in basements or mechanical rooms
<b>Gas Shutoff Valve</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol Red letter G	The location of a gas shutoff valve	The location of gas shutoff valves On doors of rooms containing gas shutoff valves
<b>Fire-Fighting Hose or Standpipe Outlet</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The location of a fire-fighting hose or a standpipe outlet	The location of interior fire-fighting hose stations and standpipe outlets in buildings and structures The location on bridges or elevated highways
<b>Fire Extinguisher</b> 	Square field Red background White symbol	The location of a fire extinguisher	The location of fire extinguishers in buildings and exterior locations
<b>Directional Arrow</b> 	Square field Background green to correspond to accompanying sign White symbol	Direction to the location of fire-fighting equipment or utility; always used in conjunction with, and adjacent to, another symbol indicating the particular equipment or utility	

(continues)

Table 5.2 *Continued*

Symbol	Characteristics	Application	Examples
<b>Diagonal Directional Arrow</b> 	Square field Background green to correspond to accompanying sign White symbol	Direction to the location of fire-fighting equipment or utility; always used in conjunction with, and adjacent to, another symbol indicating the particular equipment or utility	
<b>Child Care Center</b> 	Square field Blue infant and hands White background	The identification and location of child care centers	On the door opening into child care centers At a fire department command or access point indicating presence and location of child care centers
<b>Emergency Telephone</b> 	Square field Red background White phone	The identification and location of fire service or emergency telephone system	
<b>No Fire Fighting</b> 	Red prohibition symbol Circular field White background Black truck within black octagonal outline	To be posted on, near, or on the approach to buildings where fire fighting is not to occur	Explosives bunkers, frangible buildings, or contaminated buildings
<b>Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA)</b> 	Rectangular field White symbol Green background	To indicate the location of SCBA, breathing air connections, or refill location	For SCBA fill locations in high-rise buildings

Chapter 6 Symbols for Use in Architectural and Engineering Drawings and Insurance Diagrams

6.1\* Introduction.

6.1.1 This chapter presents symbols that shall be used in drawings and diagrams.

6.1.2\* Symbol Presentation.

6.1.2.1\* **Symbol Shapes.** The shape of symbols shall be as illustrated in Sections 6.2 through 7.9.

6.1.2.2 **Screened Lines.** Screened lines in the chapter shall not be considered part of the symbol but shall be used to represent the piping, wiring, or mounting surface associated with the symbol.

6.1.2.3 **Symbol Scale.** All scales for symbols on any one drawing shall be the same relative size.

6.1.2.4\* **Symbol Orientation.** Symbols shall be oriented to the walls, piping, electrical lines, and so forth, to which they are attached.

6.2 Symbols for Site Features.

6.2.1 Buildings.

6.2.1.1 The exterior walls of buildings shall be outlined in single thickness lines if other than fire rated and double thickness lines if fire rated.

6.2.1.2\* The perimeter of canopies, loading docks, and other open-walled structures shall be shown by broken lines.

6.2.2 **Railroad Tracks.** Railroad tracks shall be shown by a single line with cross dashes, as shown in Figure 6.2.2.

6.2.3\* **Streets.** Streets shall be shown.

6.2.4\* **Bodies of Water.** Rivers, lakes, and so forth, shall be outlined.

6.2.5 Fences.

6.2.5.1 Fences shall be shown by lines with x's evenly spaced.

6.2.5.2\* Gates shall be shown.

6.2.6 **Property Lines.** The notation given in Figure 6.2.6 shall indicate property lines.

6.2.7 **Fire Department Access.** The symbol for fire department access shall be as shown in Figure 6.2.7.

6.2.8 **Other Site Features.** For other fire protection site features, Section 7.2 shall be viewed.



FIGURE 6.2.2 Symbol for Railroad Tracks.

FIGURE 6.2.6 Notation Indicating Property Lines.



FIGURE 6.2.7 Symbol for Fire Department Access.

6.3 Symbols for Building Construction.

6.3.1\* **Types of Building Construction.** Types of construction shall be shown narratively.

6.3.2\* **Height.** Height shall be shown to indicate number of stories above ground, number of stories below ground, and height from grade to eaves.

6.3.3\* **Symbols for Walls and Parapets.** Symbols for walls and parapets shall be as given in Table 6.3.3.

6.3.4 **Symbols for Floor Openings, Wall Openings, Roof Openings, and Their Protection.** Symbols for floor openings, wall openings, roof openings, and their protection shall be as given in Table 6.3.4.

6.3.5\* **Special Symbols for Cross-Sections.** The symbols shown in Table 6.3.5 shall be used to indicate features of cross-sections. It is recognized that descriptive notes often are required.

6.3.6 **Miscellaneous Features.** A number of features related to fire protection that do not fall under 6.3.1 through 6.3.5 shall be as given in Table 6.3.6.

Table 6.3.3 Symbols for Walls and Parapets

Symbol	Description
	Wall — basic shape
	Smoke-rated wall
	1/2-hour fire-rated wall
	1/2-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	3/4-hour fire-rated wall
	3/4-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	1-hour fire-rated wall
	1-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	2-hour fire-rated wall
	2-hour fire wall
	2-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	3-hour fire-rated wall
	3-hour fire wall
	3-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	4-hour fire-rated wall
	4-hour fire wall
	4-hour fire/smoke-rated wall
	Parapet — one cross for each 150 mm (6 in.) parapet that extends above roof (shown is plan view of symbol)

**Table 6.3.4 Symbols for Floor Openings, Wall Openings, Roof Openings, and Their Protection and Life Safety Plans**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Opening in wall	
	Rated fire door in wall (less than 3 hours)	
	Fire door in wall (3-hour rated)	
	Elevator in combustible shaft	
	Elevator in noncombustible shaft	
	Open hoistway	
	Escalator	
	Stairs in combustible shaft	
	Stairs in fire-rated shaft	
	Stairs in open shaft	
	Skylight	
E: _ _	Egress component identifier	Specify egress component: EX# = Exit number HE = Horizontal exit EP = Exit passageway CP = Common path of travel PD = Public discharge RD = Room door ES = Escape
< _ _ >	Egress component capacity	Specify allowable number of persons through egress component (e.g., < 25 >)
<< _ _ >>	Governing component capacity	Specify maximum capacity of the egress path

(continues)

**Table 6.3.4 Continued**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Travel distance	Left side: Distance to egress component Right side: Egress component identifier
	Occupancy capacity	Top: Specify capacity Middle: Specify area [square feet (square meters)] Bottom: Specify occupant load factor
	Fire door	
	Non-rated fire door	
	Non-rated smoke-resistant fire door	
	20-minute fire-rated fire door	
	20-minute fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	1/2-hour fire-rated fire door	
	1/2-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	3/4-hour fire-rated fire door	
	3/4-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	1-hour fire-rated fire door	

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Table 6.3.4 *Continued*

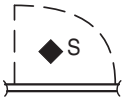

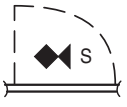

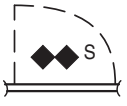





Symbol	Description	Comments
	1-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	1½-hour fire-rated fire door	
	1½-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	2-hour fire-rated fire door	
	2-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	3-hour fire-rated fire door	
	3-hour fire-rated, smoke-resistant fire door	
	Exit	Wide, black, solid line
	Exit access	Wide, black, dashed line
	Exit discharge	Wide, black, short, dashed line

Table 6.3.5 Special Symbols for Cross-Sections




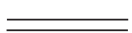





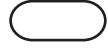





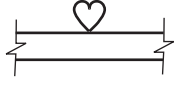
Symbol	Description	Comments
	Fire-resistive floor or roof	
	Wood-joisted floor or roof	
 (Steel deck on steel joists)	Other floors or roofs	Note construction
	Floor/ceiling or roof/ceiling assembly	Details indicated, as necessary
	Floor on ground	
	Truss roof	Note construction

Table 6.3.6 Miscellaneous Features

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Boiler	
	Chimney	Describe height and construction
	Fire escape	
	Horizontal aboveground tank	Indicate type, dimensions, construction, capacity, pressurization, and content
	Vertical aboveground tank	Indicate type, dimensions, construction, capacity, pressurization, and content
	Belowground tank	Indicate type, dimensions, construction, capacity, pressurization, and content
	Class I, Division 1 or 0	Hatch patterns for electrically classified locations
	Class I, Division 1 or Zone 1	Hatch patterns for electrically classified locations
	Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2	Hatch patterns for electrically classified locations
	Designates the location of automated external defibrillators (AEDs) on plans	

## **Chapter 7 Symbols for Use in Water Supply, Extinguishing, and Sprinkler System Drawings and Insurance Diagrams**

### **7.1\* Introduction.**

**7.1.1** This chapter presents symbols that shall be used in drawings and diagrams.

### **7.1.2\* Symbol Presentation.**

**7.1.2.1\* Symbol Shapes.** The shape of symbols shall be as illustrated in Sections 7.2 through 7.7.

**7.1.2.2 Screened Lines.** Screened lines in the chapter shall not be considered part of the symbol but shall be used to represent the piping, wiring, or mounting surface associated with the symbol.

**7.1.2.3 Symbol Scale.** All scales for symbols on any one drawing shall be the same relative size.

**7.1.2.4\* Symbol Orientation.** Symbols shall be oriented to the walls, piping, electrical lines, and so forth, to which they are attached.

**7.2\* Water Supply and Distribution Symbols.** Water supply and distribution symbols shall be as given in Table 7.2.

### **7.3 Reserved.**

**7.4 Symbols Related to Means of Egress.** Symbols related to means of egress shall be as given in Table 7.4.

**7.5 Indicating Appliances.** Symbols for indicating appliances shall be as given in Table 7.5.

### **7.6\* Symbols for Fire Extinguishing Systems.**

#### **7.6.1 Various Types of Fire Extinguishing Systems.**

**7.6.1.1 Water-Based Systems.** Symbols for water-based systems shall be as given in Table 7.6.1.1.

**7.6.1.2 Dry Chemical Systems.** Symbols for dry chemical systems shall be as given in Table 7.6.1.2.

**7.6.1.3 Systems Utilizing a Gaseous Medium.** Symbols for systems utilizing a gaseous medium shall be as given in Table 7.6.1.3.

**7.6.1.4 Supplementary Symbols.** Supplementary symbols shall be as given in Table 7.6.1.4.

**7.6.2 Symbols for Fire Sprinklers.** Symbols for fire sprinklers shall be as given in Table 7.6.2.

**7.6.2.1\*** For sprinklers shown in Table 7.6.2, the temperature rating of the sprinkler and other characteristics shall be shown via legends or noted on drawings where a limited number of an individual type of sprinkler is called for by the design.

**7.6.3\* Symbols for Piping, Valves, Control Devices, and Hangers.** Symbols for piping, valves, control devices, and hangers shall be as given in Table 7.6.3.

**7.7 Symbols for Portable Fire Extinguishers.** Symbols for portable fire extinguishers shall be as given in Table 7.7.

**7.8 Symbols for Fire-Fighting Equipment.** Symbols for fire-fighting equipment shall be as given in Table 7.8.

**7.9\* Miscellaneous Symbols.** Miscellaneous symbols shall be as given in Table 7.9.

Table 7.2 Water Supply and Distribution Symbols

Symbol	Description	Comments
—W—W—W	City or county public water main	Indicate pipe size and material
—F—F—F	Private fire line water main	Indicate pipe size and material
=====	Water main under building	Indicate pipe size and material
-----	Suction pipe	Indicate pipe size and material
	Thrust block	
	Riser	
	Wet riser	
	Dry riser	
	Preaction riser	
	Nitrogen-filled dry riser	
	Nitrogen-filled preaction riser	
	Pipe elbow up or down	Height on either side indicated by pipe height tags
	Pipe tee up or down	Height of crossed pipes indicated by pipe height tags
	Valves (general)	Basic shape; indicate valve size
	Valve in pit	Indicate valve size
	Post-indicator valve	Indicate valve size
	Key-operated valve	Indicate valve size

(continues)

Table 7.2 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	OS&Y valve (outside screw and yoke, rising stem)	Indicate valve size
	Indicating butterfly valve	Indicate valve size
	Nonindicating valve (nonrising-stem valve)	Indicate valve size
	Check valve	Basic shape; indicate valve size, direction of flow
	Backflow preventer — double check type	Also referred to as a double check valve assembly
	Backflow preventer — reduced pressure zone (RPZ) type	
	Pressure-regulating valve	
	Pressure relief valve	
	Float valve	
	Meter	Indicate type
	Private hydrant, one hose outlet	Indicate size, type of thread, or connection
	Public hydrant, two hose outlets	Indicate size, type of thread, or connection
	Public hydrant, two hose outlets and pumper connection	Indicate size, type of thread, or connection
	Wall hydrant, two hose outlets	Indicate size, type of thread, or connection

(continues)

Table 7.2 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Private housed hydrant, two hose outlets	Indicate size, type of thread, or connection
	Single fire department connection	Specify type, size, thread, and angle
	Siamese fire department connection	Specify type, size, and angle
	Wall flush 2 inlet fire department connection	Specify type, size, and connections
	Wall flush 3 inlet fire department connection	Specify type, size, and connections
	Wall flush 4 inlet fire department connection	Specify type, size, and connections
	Freestanding siamese fire department connection	Sidewalk or pit type; specify size
	Freestanding 3 inlet fire department connection	Specify type, size, and connections
	Freestanding 4 inlet fire department connection	Specify type, size, and connections
	Fire pump with driver	Specify driver type and rated capacity
	Freestanding test header	Freestanding; specify number and sizes of outlets
	Wall-mounted test header	Wall; specify number and sizes of outlets
	Screen/strainer	
	Riser air compressor	Specify size
	Tank air compressor	Specify size
	Tank nitrogen generator	Specify size

Table 7.4 Symbols Related to Means of Egress

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Emergency light, battery-powered	Number of lamps on unit to be indicated; indicate whether light head(s) [lamp(s)] is remote from battery
	Illuminated exit sign, single face	Indicate direction of flow for the face
	Illuminated exit sign, double face	Indicate direction of flow for each face
	Combined battery-powered emergency light and illuminated exit sign	Number of lamps on unit to be indicated; indicate whether light head(s) [lamp(s)] is remote from battery; indicate direction of flow for the face
	Exit lighting	Exit lighting fixture, arrows, and exit face as indicated on drawings (mounting heights to be determined by job specifications) — from NECA NEIS 100, symbol 2.005
	Luminaire providing emergency illumination (filled in)	From NECA NEIS 100, symbol 2.300
	Directional sounder — exit marking audible appliance, wall mounted	Applied from NECA NEIS 100, symbol 9.109
	Directional sounder — exit marking audible appliance, ceiling mounted	Applied from NECA NEIS 100, symbol 9.110
	Directional exit indicating strip lighting appliance	Applied from NECA NEIS 100, symbol 2.002

Table 7.5 Symbols for Indicating Appliances



Symbol	Description	Comments
	Water motor alarm (water motor gong)	Shield optional, specify size
	Electric bell	Specify size

Table 7.6.1.1 Symbols for Water-Based Systems















Symbol	Description
	Wet charged system — automatically actuated
	Wet charged system — manually actuated
	Dry system — automatically actuated, air filled
	Dry system — manually actuated, air filled
	Dry system — automatically actuated, nitrogen filled
	Dry system — manually actuated, nitrogen filled
	Pre-action dry system — automatically actuated, air filled
	Pre-action dry system — manually actuated, air filled
	Pre-action dry system — automatically actuated, nitrogen filled
	Pre-action dry system — manually actuated, nitrogen filled
	Foam system — automatically actuated
	Foam system — manually actuated
	Water mist extinguishing system — automatically actuated
	Water mist extinguishing system — manually actuated

Table 7.6.1.2 Symbols for Dry Chemical Systems





Symbol	Description
	For liquid, gas, and electrical fires — automatically actuated
	For liquid, gas, and electrical fires — manually actuated
	For fires of all types (except metals) — automatically actuated
	For fires of all types (except metals) — manually actuated

Table 7.6.1.3 Symbols for Systems Utilizing a Gaseous Medium





Symbol	Description
	Carbon dioxide system — automatically actuated
	Carbon dioxide system — manually actuated
	Halon system or clean agent extinguishing system — automatically actuated
	Halon system or clean agent extinguishing system — manually actuated

Table 7.6.1.4 Supplementary Symbols




































Symbol	Description
	Fully sprinklered space
	Partially sprinklered space
	Nonsprinklered space
	Water spray system

Table 7.6.2 Symbols for Fire Sprinklers

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Upright sprinkler	
	Pendent sprinkler	Note "DP" on drawing and/or in specifications where dry pendent sprinklers are employed
	Upright sprinkler; on sprig	
	Upright sprinkler on top of riser nipple	
	Upright sprinkler on sprig on top of riser nipple	
	Pendent sprinkler; on drop nipple	
	Sidewall sprinkler	
	Upright on sprig — extended coverage	'X' behind a head denotes extended coverage type
	Pendent drop — extended coverage	'X' behind a head denotes extended coverage type
	Upright on sprig — extended coverage with guard	'G' next to a head denotes head guard installed
	Pendent drop — extended coverage with guard	'G' next to a head denotes head guard installed
	Dry upright on sprig	
	Dry pendent drop	

(continues)

Table 7.6.2 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Dry upright on sprig — extended coverage	
	Dry pendent drop — extended coverage	
	Dry horizontal sidewall	
	Dry horizontal sidewall	Alternate symbol
	Dry horizontal sidewall — extended coverage	
	Dry horizontal sidewall — extended coverage	Alternate symbol
	Dry vertical sidewall sprinkler	
	Dry vertical sidewall sprinkler	Alternate symbol
	Attic upright sprinkler	
	Attic upright sprinkler	Alternate symbol
	Attic upright sprinkler (on sprig)	
	Attic upright sprinkler (on sprig)	Alternate symbol
	Attic back to back	
	Attic back to back	Alternate symbol
	Attic single directional	
	Attic single directional	Alternate symbol
	Attic hip single directional	
	Attic hip single directional	Alternate symbol

(continues)

Table 7.6.2 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Attic back to back (on sprig)	
	Attic back to back (on sprig)	Alternate symbol
	Attic single directional (on sprig)	
	Attic single directional (on sprig)	Alternate symbol
	Attic hip single directional (on sprig)	
	Attic hip single directional (on sprig)	Alternate symbol
	Vertical sidewall sprinkler	
	Vertical sidewall sprinkler	Alternate symbol
	Concealed space sprinkler	
	Concealed space sprinkler	Alternate symbol
	Concealed space sprinkler (on sprig)	
	Concealed space sprinkler (on sprig)	Alternate symbol
	Outside sprinkler	Specify type, orifice size; for example, open sprinkler (window or cornice)
	Open sprinkler on branch line	








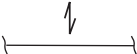
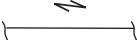



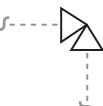



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Table 7.6.2 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Open sprinkler on branch line with sprig	
	Open upright sprinkler	
	Open pendent sprinkler	
	Open upright sprinkler on sprig	
	Open pendent sprinkler on drop	
	Open directional spray nozzle	
	Open directional spray nozzle on sprig	
	Open directional spray nozzle on drop	
	Water spray nozzle	
	Window sprinklers	



**Table 7.6.3 Symbols for Piping, Valves, Control Devices, and Hangers**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Sprinkler piping and branch line	Indicate pipe size
	Existing sprinkler piping and branch line	Indicate pipe size
	Demo sprinkler piping and branch line	Indicate pipe size
	Underground sprinkler supply piping	Indicate pipe size
	Pipe trace heater	See NECA 100, symbol 5.106
	Mechanical coupling	
	Pipe hanger	Diagonal stroke imposed on the pipe that the hanger supports
	Lateral brace	
	Longitudinal brace	
	Four-way brace	Only used to brace risers
	Vertical rise brace	Indicate pipe size
	Branch line cable restraint	Indicate pipe size
	Angle valve (angle hose valve)	Indicate size, type, and other required data
	Floor/zone control valve assembly	Specify size
	Check valve (general)	
	Riser check valve (general)	Specify size

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**Table 7.6.3 Continued**






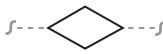


Symbol	Description	Comments
	Alarm check valve	Specify size
	Dry pipe valve	Specify size
	Dry pipe valve with quick opening device (accelerator or exhauster)	Specify size and type
	Dry pipe valve — nitrogen charged	Specify size
	Dry pipe valve with quick opening device — nitrogen charged	Specify size
	Deluge valve	Specify size and type
	Preaction valve	Specify size and type
	Preaction valve — nitrogen charged	Specify size

Table 7.7 Symbols for Portable Fire Extinguishers

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Portable fire extinguisher	Basic shape
	Water extinguisher	
	Foam extinguisher	
	Dry chemical extinguisher for liquid, gas, or electrical fires	BC type
	Dry chemical extinguisher for fires of all types (except metals)	ABC type
	CO <sub>2</sub> extinguisher	
	Halon or clean agent extinguisher	
	Extinguisher for metal fires	

Table 7.8 Symbols for Fire-Fighting Equipment

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Fire-fighting equipment	Basic shape
	CO <sub>2</sub> reel station	
	Dry chemical reel station	
	Fire hose valve connection	Specify thread size
	Foam reel station	
	Hose station, dry standpipe	
	Hose station, wet standpipe	
	Monitor nozzle, dry	Specify orifice size
	Monitor nozzle, charged	Specify orifice size

Table 7.9 Miscellaneous Symbols

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Agent storage container	Specify type of agent and mounting
	Agent storage container — foam	
	Agent storage container — Halon	
	Agent storage container — carbon dioxide	
	Agent storage container — clean agent	
	Agent storage container — dry chemical	
	Agent storage container — water mist	
	Agent storage container — wet chemical	
	Special spray nozzle	Specify type, orifice, size, other required data (shown here on pipe)
	Fusible link	Specify degrees
	Fusible link with electrothermal feature	Specify degrees

## Chapter 8 Symbols for Use in Electronic Fire and Smoke Detection and Notification System Drawings and Insurance Diagrams

### 8.1\* Introduction.

8.1.1 This chapter presents symbols that shall be used in drawings and diagrams.

### 8.1.2\* Symbol Presentation.

8.1.2.1\* **Symbol Shapes.** The shape of symbols shall be as illustrated in Sections 8.2 through 8.6.

8.1.2.2 **Screened Lines.** Screened lines in the chapter shall not be considered part of the symbol but shall be used to represent the piping, wiring, or mounting surface associated with the symbol.

8.1.2.3 **Symbol Scale.** All scales for symbols on any one drawing shall be the same relative size.

8.1.2.4\* **Symbol Orientation.** Symbols shall be oriented to the walls, piping, electrical lines, and so forth, to which they are attached.

8.2 **Symbols for Control Panels.** Symbols for control panels shall be as given in Table 8.2.

**Table 8.2 Symbols for Control Units (Panels)**

Symbol	Description
	Basic shape
	Amplifier rack
	Area of refuge emergency communication system — master unit
	Area of refuge emergency communication system — remote unit
	Autonomous control unit
	Battery cabinet
	Cathode ray tube
	Control panel for heating (H), ventilation (V), air conditioning (AC), exhaust (E), stairwell pressurization (P)
	Digital alarm communicator receiver
	Digital alarm communicator transmitter
	Elevator status/recall
	Emergency communications control unit















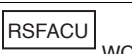
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**Table 8.2 Continued**

Symbol	Description
	Fire alarm annunciator
	Fire alarm communicator
	Fire alarm control panel (legacy symbol for FACU)
	Fire alarm control unit; include a 'D' subscript if it is a dedicated unit
	Fire alarm terminal cabinet
	Fire alarm transponder n = transponder number
	Fire fighter interface
	Fire suppression control panel (legacy symbol for FSCU) xx denotes suppression type
	Fire suppression control unit xx denotes suppression type
	Graphic annunciator panel
	LCD annunciator/display
	Master fire alarm control unit
	Notification circuit power booster, extender panel n = unit number
	Power panel
	Pre-action system/control unit
	Printer
	Protected premises control unit (local)
	Purge panel
	Relay panel
	Releasing service fire alarm control unit
	Remote voice evacuation microphone
	Remotely located evacuation amplifier cabinet
	Sprinkler alarm panel
	Uninterruptible power supply













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Table 8.2 *Continued*





Symbol	Description
	Voice evacuation control unit
	Wireless control unit
<b>Fire Suppression/Releasing Service Control Unit Types:</b>	
	Aerosol
	Carbon dioxide
	Clean agent
	Deluge fire sprinkler
	Dry chemical
	Fire alarm control interface
	Fire pump controller
	Foam
	Halon
	Mass notification system interface
	Operating control unit
	Water mist
	Wet chemical

**8.3\* Symbols for Fire Alarms, Detection, and Related Equipment — Signal Initiating Devices and Activation Switches.** Symbols for signal initiating devices and activation switches shall be as given in Table 8.3.

Table 8.3 Symbols for Signal Initiating Devices and Activation Switches















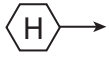

Symbol	Description
<b>Abort Switch Types:</b>	
	Abort switch — basic shape
	Abort switch
	Aerosol release abort station
	Clean agent
	Deluge fire sprinkler
	Dry chemical
	Foam
	Halon
	Manual releasing station
	Preaction
	Water mist
	Wet chemical

**Addressable Modules:**

	Addressable input monitor module
	Addressable input/output module; # denotes number of inputs and outputs
	Addressable output control module
	Isolation module






















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Table 8.3 Continued

Symbol	Description
<b>Automatic Detection Type:</b>	
	Automatic detection and supervisory devices — basic shape
<b>Flame Detection Types:</b>	
	Flame detector basic shape XX = detection type
	Combination ultraviolet/infrared
	Infrared detector
	Ultraviolet detector
	Visible radiation detector
<b>Gas Detection Types:</b>	
	Gas detector/sensor basic shape XX = gas type
	Carbon dioxide detector
	Carbon monoxide detector
	Hydrogen chloride detector
	Methane detector
<b>Heat Detection Types:</b>	
	Heat detector/sensor — XX = type basic shape
	Combination rate of rise/fixed temperature
	Fixed temperature
	Heat detector — line type
	Heat detector/sensor (thermal detection)



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Table 8.3 Continued















Symbol	Description
	Rate compensation
	Rate of rise only
<b>Interface and Supervisory Devices:</b>	
	End of line device — capacitor
	End of line device — diode
	End of line device — relay
	End of line device — resistor
	Flow detector/switch
	High temperature switch
	Level detector/switch
	Low temperature switch
	Main/reserve
	Maintenance/disconnect switch
	Non-addressable output relay
	Pressure detector/switch
	Solenoid valve
	Supervised solenoid valve
	Surge suppressor
	Temperature supervisory switch
	Transfer switch — automatic with handle
	Transfer switch — manual with handle
	Valve supervisory switch

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Table 8.3 Continued

Symbol	Description
	Valve with integral supervisory switch
	Water detector

**Manual Fire Alarm Box Types:**










	Manual station — basic shape
	Aerosol
	Carbon dioxide
	Clean agent
	Deluge fire sprinkler
	Drill key
	Dry chemical
	Fire alarm master box
	Foam
	Halon
	Preaction
	Pull station/fire alarm box
	Water mist
	Wet chemical

**Smoke Detection/Sensor Types:**

	Smoke detector/sensor — basic shape orientation not to be changed
	Air sampling
	In duct
	Ionization
	Photoelectric

(continues)

Table 8.3 Continued

Symbol	Description
	Relay base
	Smoke/heat detector/carbon monoxide detector
	Smoke/heat detector/sensor combination
	Smoke alarm (single station)
	Smoke detector/sensor — beam receiver
	Smoke detector/sensor — beam transmitter
	Smoke detector/sensor — XX = type
	Smoke detector/sensor for duct
	Sounder base

**8.4 Notification Appliances.**

8.4.1 Notification appliance subscripts shall be applied to symbols as required for clarification (*see Table 8.4.1*).

Table 8.4.1 Notification Appliance Subscripts

Subscript	Meaning
C	Ceiling mount
H	High audible setting
L	Low audible setting
MNS	Mass notification system
P	Pendent
RI	Remote indicator
SL	Signal light
nW	Wattage setting ( <i>n</i> = speaker tap)
WP	Weatherproof
WG	Wire guard

**8.4.2 Notification Appliances.** Symbols for notification appliances shall be as given in Table 8.4.2.

**Table 8.4.2 Symbols for Notification Appliances**

Symbol	Description
	Audible appliance — basic shape
	Bell — single stroke
	Bell — trouble
	Bell — vibrating
	Ceiling mount indicator
	Chime
	Chime — electronic
	Combination horn/visible CD = candela rating/setting
	Combination speaker/visible W = wattage CD = candela rating/setting
	Gong
	Horn only
	Mini-horn
	Remote alarm indicating and test switch
	Remote indicator
	Rotating beacon

(continues)

**Table 8.4.2 Continued**

Symbol	Description
	Speaker only, ceiling mount — denote wattage tap
	Speaker only, wall mount — denote wattage tap
	Visible only (strobe) — ceiling mount CD = candela rating/setting
	Visible only (strobe) — wall mount CD = candela rating/setting

**8.4.3 Emergency Communications Notification Appliances.** Symbols for emergency communication appliances shall be as given in Table 8.4.3.

**Table 8.4.3 Symbols for Emergency Communications Notification Appliances**

Symbol	Description
	Combination speaker/visible — ceiling mount CD = candela rating/setting, W = wattage
	Combination speaker/visible — wall mount CD = candela rating/setting, W = wattage
	Emergency textual visible appliance
	Visible only (strobe) — ceiling mount CD = candela rating/setting
	Visible only (strobe) — wall mount CD = candela rating/setting

**8.5 Related Equipment.** Symbols for related equipment shall be as given in Table 8.5.










**Table 8.5 Symbols for Related Equipment**

Symbol	Description
	Air sampling detector piping
	Door closer
	Door holder
	End of line resistor

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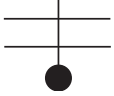
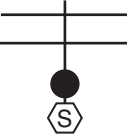
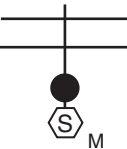


Table 8.5 Continued

Symbol	Description
	Fire service or emergency phone station — accessible
	Fire service or emergency phone station — basic shape
	Fire service or emergency phone station — handset
	Fire service or emergency phone station — jack
	Floor Warden Station
	Integrated smoke sensor and door closer
	Junction box
	Sync adapter module (strobe synchronization)
	Watchman's tour station

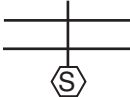








**8.6 Symbols for Smoke/Pressurization Control.** Symbols for smoke/pressurization controls shall be as given in Table 8.6.

Table 8.6 Symbols for Smoke/Pressurization Controls

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Dampers — barometric	
	Dampers — fire	
	Dampers — fire/smoke	
	Dampers — motorized fire/smoke	

(continues)

Table 8.6 Continued

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Dampers — smoke	
	Fans — duct	Arrow indicates direction of flow
	Fans — general	Arrow indicates direction of flow
	Fans — roof	Arrow indicates direction of flow
	Fans — wall	Arrow indicates direction of flow
	Hand (manual)/off-automatic	
	Pressurized stairwell	Orient as required for base or head injection
	Purge controls — manual control	
	Ventilation openings	Orient as required for intake or exhaust

## Chapter 9 Symbols for Use in Pre-Incident Planning Sketches

### 9.1 Introduction.

**9.1.1\*** This chapter presents symbols that shall be used in pre-incident planning sketches.

**9.1.2\* Symbol Shapes.** The symbol shapes shall be chosen for their ease of reproduction by either freehand drawing or with the use of templates.

**9.2\* Access Features, Assessment Features, Ventilation Features, and Utility Shutoffs.** Symbols for access features, assessment features, ventilation features, and utility shutoffs shall be as given in Table 9.2.


















**9.3 Detection/Extinguishing Equipment.** Symbols for detection/extinguishing equipment shall be as given in Table 9.3.

**9.4 Water Flow Control Valves and Water Sources.** Symbols for water flow control valves and water sources shall be as given in Table 9.4.















**9.5 Equipment Rooms.** Symbols for equipment rooms shall be as given in Table 9.5.

**9.6\* Identification of Hazardous Materials.** NFPA 704 shall be permitted to be used to identify the location of hazardous materials within a structure.














**Table 9.2 Symbols for Access Features, Assessment Features, Ventilation Features, and Utility Shutoffs**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Access features, assessment features, ventilation features, and utility shutoffs	Basic shape
	Access feature — fire department access point	
	Access feature — fire department key box	
	Access feature — roof access	
	Assessment feature — fire alarm annunciator panel	
	Assessment feature — fire alarm reset panel	
	Assessment feature — fire alarm voice communication panel	
	Assessment feature — smoke control and pressurization panel	
	Assessment feature — sprinkler system water flow bell	
	Ventilation feature — skylight	
	Ventilation feature — smoke vent	
	Utility shutoff — electric	
	Utility shutoff — domestic water	
	Utility shutoff — gas	
	Specific variations — LP-Gas shutoff	
	Specific variations — natural gas shutoff	
	Specific variations — compressed natural gas shutoff	









**Table 9.3 Symbols for Detection/Extinguishing Equipment**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Detection/ extinguishing equipment	Basic shape
	Duct detector	
	Heat detector	
	Smoke detector	
	Flow switch (water)	
	Manual station — pull station/fire alarm box	
	Tamper switch	
	Halon system	
	Dry chemical system	
	Carbon dioxide system	
	Wet chemical system	
	Foam system	
	Clean agent system	
	Beam smoke detector	

**Table 9.4 Symbols for Water Flow Control Valves and Water Sources**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Water flow control valves and water sources	Basic shape
	Post-indicator valve	
	Riser valve	
	Sprinkler zone valve	
	Sectional control valve	
	Hose cabinet or connection	
	Wall hydrant	
	Test header (fire pump)	
	Inspector's test connection	
	Fire hydrant	
	Fire department connection	
	Drafting site	
	Water tank	

**Table 9.5 Symbols for Equipment Rooms**

Symbol	Description	Comments
	Equipment rooms	Basic shape
	Air-conditioning equipment room	AHUs = air-handling units
	Elevator equipment room	
	Emergency generator room	
	Fire pump room	
	Telephone equipment room	
	Boiler room	
	Electrical/transformer room	

## Chapter 10 Symbolgy for Emergency Management Mapping

**10.1 Damage Operational Symbols.** Table 10.1 shall be used to cross-reference the damage operational symbols with their definitions.

### 10.2 Operations Symbolgy.

**10.2.1** Organizations, services, capabilities, or resources available during or implemented due to an emergency management situation.

**10.2.2** Table 10.2.2 shall be used to cross-reference the operations symbols with their definitions.

### 10.3 Incidents Symbolgy.

**10.3.1** Table 10.3.2 shall be used to depict 8 themes and 42 features that symbolize a “cause of action” or a “source of disaster.”

**10.3.2** Table 10.3.2 shall be used to cross-reference the incidents symbols with their definitions.

### 10.4 Natural Events Symbolgy.

**10.4.1** A natural event shall be a phenomenon found in or created by naturally occurring conditions.

**10.4.2** Table 10.4.2 shall be used to cross-reference the natural events symbols with their definitions.

### 10.5 Infrastructures Symbolgy.

**10.5.1** Infrastructure shall be the basic facilities, services, and installations needed for the functioning of a community or society, such as transportation and communications systems, water and power lines, and public institutions, including schools, post offices, and prisons.

**10.5.2** Table 10.5.2 shall be used to cross-reference the infrastructures symbols with their definitions.

**Table 10.1 Damage Operational Symbolgy Reference**

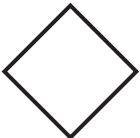
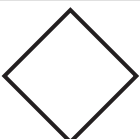
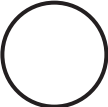
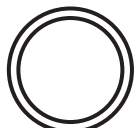

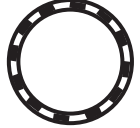


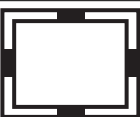
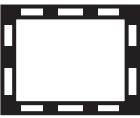





























































Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Definitions
<b>Incident</b> (No levels) (violet)		Not applicable
<b>Natural Event</b> (No levels) (black)		Not applicable
<b>Operation</b> (Level 1) (green)		Fully operational/open
<b>Operation</b> (Level 2) (blue)		Operational, but filled to capacity or otherwise closed
<b>Operation</b> (Level 3) (orange)		Operational, but partially damaged or partially incapacitated
<b>Operation</b> (Level 4) (red)		Destroyed or totally incapacitated
<b>Infrastructure</b> (Level 1) (green)		Fully operational/open
<b>Infrastructure</b> (Level 2) (blue)		Operational, but filled to capacity or otherwise closed
<b>Infrastructure</b> (Level 3) (orange)		Operational, but partially damaged or partially incapacitated
<b>Infrastructure</b> (Level 4) (red)		Destroyed or totally incapacitated

Table 10.2.2 Operations Symbology Reference

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Operations Background Symbol</b> (Background)		!	The background fill shape for the Operations symbol, Level 1
<b>Operations Frame Symbol</b> (Frame)		#	The frame shape for the Operations symbol, Level 1
<b>Emergency Medical Operation</b> (Theme)		A	Urgent and unexpected medicinal treatment and/or transport during serious situations that require immediate action <sup>1</sup>
<b>Ambulance</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		B	A vehicle for taking sick or wounded people to and from a hospital
<b>EMT Station Locations</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		C	The locus of an emergency medical team
<b>Medical Evacuation Helicopter Station</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		D	The locus of an emergency helicopter landing pad, utilized to transport severely injured persons
<b>Health Department Facility</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		E	The locus of a facility operated by a public institution that is dedicated to promotion of health and prevention of disease at the community, county, state, or national level <sup>2</sup>
<b>Hospital</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		F	The locus of an institution where the sick or injured are given medical or surgical care
<b>Hospital Ship</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		G	The locus of a ship where the sick or injured are given medical or surgical care
<b>Medical Facilities Outpatient</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		H	The locus of a facility providing medical treatment to patients whose sickness or injury does not require hospitalization
<b>Morgue</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		I	The locus of a place where the bodies of persons found dead are kept until identified and claimed by relatives or released for burial <sup>3</sup>
<b>Pharmacies</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		J	The locus of a place where medicines are compounded or dispensed <sup>3</sup>
<b>Triage</b> (Emergency Medical Feature)		K	The locus of a place where sorting and allocation of treatment to patients (especially victims of war or disaster) are performed according to a system of priorities designed to maximize the number of survivors <sup>3</sup>

























































(continues)

Table 10.2.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Emergency Operation</b> (Theme)	   	L	Those actions taken during the emergency period to protect life and property, care for the people affected, and temporarily restore essential community services <sup>4</sup>
<b>Emergency Collection/Evacuation Point</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	M	A designated place where displaced persons or victims of war or disaster are assembled and/or evacuated from
<b>Emergency Incident Command Center</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	N	The physical location from which an incident commander manages an incident <sup>5</sup>
<b>Emergency Operations Center</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	O	The physical location where an organization comes together during an emergency to coordinate response and recovery actions and resources and make management decisions <sup>6</sup>
<b>Emergency Public Information Center</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	P	No definition
<b>Emergency Public Service Center</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	Q	No definition
<b>Emergency Shelters</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	R	The locus of a designated emergency/relief shelter
<b>Emergency Staging Areas</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	S	A designated place where emergency response forces, equipment, and supplies are assembled prior to engagement in operations
<b>Emergency Teams</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	T	The locus of an emergency response team
<b>Emergency Water Distribution Center</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	U	A place where potable water is distributed to displaced persons or victims of war or disaster
<b>Emergency Food Distribution Centers</b> (Emergency Operation Feature)	   	V	A place where food is distributed to displaced persons or victims of war or disaster
<b>Fire Suppression Operation</b> (Theme)	   	W	The extinguishing of a burning (and flaming) object by means of applying an agent, such as water <sup>7</sup>

(continues)

































Table 10.2.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Fire Hydrant</b> (Fire Suppression Feature)	   	X	A discharge pipe with a valve and spout from which water can be drawn from a water main in sufficient volume and at sufficient pressure for fire-fighting purposes <sup>8</sup>
<b>Other Water Supply Location</b> (Fire Suppression Feature)	   	Y	Any source of water other than a fire hydrant that is sufficient for the purpose of fire fighting
<b>Fire Station</b> (Fire Suppression Feature)	   	Z	A facility housing fire-fighting equipment and/or personnel
<b>Law Enforcement Operation</b> (Theme)	   	a	Act of ensuring obedience to the laws <sup>9</sup>
<b>ATF</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	b	A locus of U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>Border Patrol</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	c	A locus of U.S. Border Patrol facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>Customs Service</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	d	A locus of U.S. Customs Service facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>DEA</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	e	A locus of U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>DOJ</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	f	A locus of U.S. Department of Justice facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>FBI</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	g	A locus of Federal Bureau of Investigation facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>Police</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	h	A locus of federal, state, or local police facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>Prison</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	i	A facility for the confinement of persons convicted of serious crimes <sup>3</sup>
<b>Secret Service</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	j	A locus of U.S. Secret Service facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>TSA</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	k	A locus of U.S. Transportation Security Administration facilities, equipment, or personnel

(continues)













Table 10.2.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>U.S. Coast Guard</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	l	A locus of U.S. Coast Guard facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>U.S. Marshals Service</b> (Law Enforcement Feature)	   	m	A locus of U.S. Marshals Service facilities, equipment, or personnel
<b>Sensor Operation</b> (Theme)	   	n	A device that receives and responds to a signal or stimulus <sup>9</sup>
<b>Biological Sensor</b> (Sensor Operation Feature)	   	o	A device designed to respond to the presence of one or more biological substances and to transmit a resulting impulse <sup>10</sup>
<b>Chemical Sensor</b> (Sensor Operation Feature)	   	p	A device designed to respond to the presence of one or more chemicals and to transmit a resulting impulse <sup>10</sup>
<b>Intrusion Sensor</b> (Sensor Operation Feature)	   	q	A device designed to respond to physical penetration of, or attempts to physically penetrate, a protected area or spatial volume and to transmit a resulting impulse <sup>10</sup>
<b>Nuclear Sensor</b> (Sensor Operation Feature)	   	r	A device designed to respond to one or more decay product(s) of one or more radioactive nuclides and to transmit a resulting impulse <sup>11</sup>
<b>Radiological Sensor</b> (Sensor Operation Feature)	   	s	A device designed to respond to one or more decay product(s) of one or more radioactive nuclides and to transmit a resulting impulse <sup>11</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Source: www.dictionary.com; combined definition of *emergency* and *medical*.<sup>2</sup>Source: Based on the APHA public health mission statement.<sup>3</sup>Source: Merriam-Webster Online.<sup>4</sup>Source: Adapted from San Diego State University Emergency Plan glossary, <http://bfa.sdsu.edu/emergencyplan/glossary.htm>.<sup>5</sup>Source: Commonwealth of Virginia ICS, [www.vdftp.state.va.us/components.htm](http://www.vdftp.state.va.us/components.htm).<sup>6</sup>Source: EMS web site, [www.emsresponder.com](http://www.emsresponder.com).<sup>7</sup>Source: Adapted from [www.firewise.org](http://www.firewise.org) glossary of terms.<sup>8</sup>Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online definition of *hydrant*.<sup>9</sup>Source: www.dictionary.com.<sup>10</sup>Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online definition of *sensor*.<sup>11</sup>Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online definition of *sensor* and knowledge of the process, detection, and measurement of radioactivity.
















Table 10.3.2 Incidents Symbology Reference

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Incidents Stage 01 Background Symbol</b> (Background)		!	The background fill shape for the Incidents symbol, Level 1
<b>Incidents Stage 01 Frame Symbol</b> (Frame)		#	The frame shape for the Incidents symbol, Level 1
<b>Civil Disturbance Incident</b> (Theme)		A	Human activities resulting in the disrupting of services or requiring varying levels of support, law enforcement, or attention
<b>Civil Demonstrations</b> (Civil Disturbance Feature)		B	A public display of group feelings toward a person or cause <sup>1</sup>
<b>Civil Displaced Population</b> (Civil Disturbance Feature)		C	Persons or groups of people who have been forced or obliged to flee or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of or in order to avoid the effects of armed conflict, violations of human rights, or natural or human-made disasters <sup>2</sup>
<b>Civil Rioting</b> (Civil Disturbance Feature)		D	A public disturbance involving (1) an act or acts of violence by one or more persons part of an assemblage of three or more persons, which act or acts shall constitute a clear and present danger of, or shall result in, damage or injury to the property of any other person or to the person of any other individual, or (2) a threat or threats of the commission of an act or acts of violence by one or more persons part of an assemblage of three or more persons having, individually or collectively, the ability of immediate execution of such threat or threats, where the performance of the threatened act or acts of violence would constitute a clear and present danger of, or would result in, damage or injury to the property of any other person or to the person of any other individual <sup>3</sup>
<b>Criminal Activity Incident</b> (Theme)		E	An unlawful pursuit or action in which an individual participates <sup>4</sup>
<b>Bomb Threat</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		F	A warning of the possible presence of a bomb or expression of the intention to detonate a bomb
<b>Bomb</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		G	An explosive device fused to detonate under specific conditions <sup>5</sup>
<b>Bomb Explosion</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		H	A violent outburst resulting from detonation of a chemical or nuclear explosive or from the loss of a high pressure vessel's integrity












(continues)

Table 10.3.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Looting</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		I	Burglary committed within an affected area during an emergency <sup>6</sup>
<b>Poisoning</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		J	Use of a poisonous substance to injure or kill <sup>1</sup>
<b>Shooting</b> (Criminal Activity Feature)		K	Use of a firearm to kill or injure or to damage property <sup>1</sup>
<b>Fire Incident</b> (Theme)		L	The destructive act of something burning, caused by electrical or technological malfunction, lightning, arson, human error, or human negligence
<b>Hot Spot</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		P	An area of intensified fire activity and increased heat or a particularly active part of a fire
<b>Non-Residential Fire</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		Q	A fire that originates at or affects a non-residential or commercial facility, resulting in partial damage or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation, or death
<b>Origin</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		R	Location of where the fire started <sup>7</sup>
<b>Residential Fire</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		S	A fire affecting a home or housing complex, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation, or death
<b>School Fire</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		T	A fire that originates at or affects an educational facility, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation, or death
<b>Smoke</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		U	The visible products of combustion rising above the fire <sup>8</sup>
<b>Special Needs Fire</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		V	A fire that affects special treatment facilities, such as nursing homes or assisted living centers, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation, or death
<b>Wild Fire</b> (Fire Incident Feature)		W	An uncontrolled fire in a wooded area <sup>9</sup>
<b>Hazardous Incident</b> (Theme)		X	See footnote. <sup>10</sup>













(continues)

Table 10.3.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Chemical Agent</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		Y	A chemical substance that is intended for use in military operations to kill, resulting in psychological disorientation, serious injury, incapacitation, or death <sup>11</sup>
<b>Corrosive Material</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		Z	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid or solid that causes full thickness destruction of human skin at the site of contact within a specified period of time
<b>Dangerous When Wet</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		a	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a material that, by contact with water, is liable to become spontaneously flammable or to give off flammable or toxic gas at a rate greater than 1 L/hr per kilogram of the material per hour (0.48 qt/hr/lb)
<b>Explosive</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		b	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any substance or article, including a device that is designed to function by explosion (i.e., an extremely rapid release of gas and heat) or that, by chemical reaction within itself, is able to function in a similar manner even if not designed to function by explosion
<b>Flammable Gas</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		c	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material that is a gas at 20°C (68°F) or less and 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) of pressure [a material that has a boiling point of 20°C (68°F) or less at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia)], that is ignitable at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) when in a mixture of 13 percent or less by volume with air, or that has a flammable range at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) with air of at least 12 percent regardless of the lower limit
<b>Flammable Liquid</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		d	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid having a flash point of not more than 60.5°C (141°F)
<b>Flammable Solid</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		e	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of desensitized explosives that when dry are explosives of Class 1, which are wetted with sufficient water, alcohol, or plasticizer to suppress explosive properties
<b>Nonflammable Gas</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		f	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material (or mixture) that exerts in the packaging an absolute pressure of 280 kPa (40.6 psia) or greater at 20°C (68°F) and is not classified as a flammable gas
<b>Organic Peroxides</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		g	No definition
<b>Oxidizers</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		h	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a material that can, generally by yielding oxygen, cause or enhance the combustion of other materials
<b>Radioactive Material</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		i	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material having a specific activity greater than 70 Bq/g (17 µCi/oz)





(continues)

Table 10.3.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Spontaneously Combustible</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		j	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid or solid that, even in small quantities and without an external ignition source, can ignite within 5 minutes after coming in contact with air or a material that, when in contact with air and without an energy supply, is liable to self-heat
<b>Toxic Gas</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		k	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a gas that presents a hazard to human health
<b>Toxic and Infectious</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		l	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a poisonous substance that is a specific product of the metabolic activities of a living organism and is usually very unstable and can easily be transferred between organisms
<b>Unexploded Ordnance</b> (Hazardous Incident Feature)		m	Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of an unexploded weapon or ammunition
<b>Air Incident</b> (Theme)		n	An event involving aircraft resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Air Accident</b> (Air Incident Feature)		o	A sudden, unexpected event involving aircraft resulting in fuselage damage, bodily injury, death, and/or the disruption of transportation service, prompting emergency landing procedures or uncontrolled impact with the ground
<b>Air Hijacking</b> (Air Incident Feature)		p	The unexpected, unlawful, and forceful seizure of control aboard an aircraft by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of flight destination <sup>12</sup>
<b>Marine Incident</b> (Theme)		q	An event involving a boat or ship and resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Marine Accident</b> (Marine Incident Feature)		r	A sudden, unexpected event involving a boat or ship and resulting in vessel submerging, damage, bodily injury, death, and/or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Marine Hijacking</b> (Marine Incident Feature)		s	The unexpected, unlawful, and forceful seizure of control aboard a boat or ship by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination <sup>12</sup>
<b>Rail Incident</b> (Theme)		t	An event involving a train and resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Rail Accident</b> (Rail Incident Feature)		u	A sudden, unexpected event involving a wheeled or tracked vehicle resulting in derailment, damage, bodily injury, death, and/or the disruption of transportation service

*(continues)*












Table 10.3.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Rail Hijacking</b> (Rail Incident Feature)		v	The unexpected, unlawful, and forceful seizure of control aboard a wheeled or tracked vehicle by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination <sup>12</sup>
<b>Vehicle Incident</b> (Theme)		w	An event involving a wheeled or tracked vehicle and resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Vehicle Accident</b> (Vehicle Incident Feature)		x	A sudden, unexpected event involving a vehicle and resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, and/or the disruption of transportation service
<b>Vehicle Hijacking</b> (Vehicle Incident Feature)		y	The unexpected, unlawful, and forceful seizure of control aboard a vehicle by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination <sup>12</sup>

Notes:












<sup>1</sup>Source: Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary.<sup>2</sup>Source: United Nations *Guiding Principles on Internally Displaced Persons*, 1998.<sup>3</sup>Source: 18 USC Section 2102.<sup>4</sup>Source: www.dictionary.com; combined definitions of *criminal* and *activity*.<sup>5</sup>Source: International military definition.<sup>6</sup>Source: <http://peace-officers.com/glossary>.<sup>7</sup>Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, [www.fs.fed.us](http://www.fs.fed.us).<sup>8</sup>Source: [www.firewise.org](http://www.firewise.org)<sup>9</sup>Source: [www.realdictionary.com](http://www.realdictionary.com).<sup>10</sup> All the proposed definitions for *hazardous incident* are from the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Hazmat Regulations and Interpretations.<sup>11</sup>Source: Adapted from NATO definition, [www.nato.int/docu/stanag/aap006/aap6.htm](http://www.nato.int/docu/stanag/aap006/aap6.htm).<sup>12</sup>Source: [www.dictionary.com](http://www.dictionary.com), definition of *hijack*.

Table 10.4.2 Natural Events Symbolgy Reference

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definition
<b>Natural Events Stage 01 Background Symbol</b> (Background)		!	The background fill shape for the Natural Events symbol, Level 1
<b>Natural Events Stage 01 Frame Symbol</b> (Frame)		#	The frame shape for the Natural Events symbol, Level 1
<b>Geologic</b> (Theme)	Reserved		
<b>Aftershock</b> (Geologic Feature)		A	An earthquake that follows a larger earthquake and originates at or near the latter's focus <sup>1</sup>
<b>Avalanche</b> (Geologic Feature)		B	A large mass of snow, ice, soil, or rock, or mixtures of these materials, falling, sliding, or flowing very rapidly under the force of gravity <sup>1</sup>
<b>Earthquake Epicenter</b> (Geologic Feature)		C	The point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake <sup>1</sup>
<b>Landslide</b> (Geologic Feature)		D	A general term for a wide variety of processes and landforms involving the down slope movement under the force of gravity of masses of soil and rock material <sup>1</sup>
<b>Subsidence</b> (Geologic Feature)		E	Sinking or downward settling of the Earth's surface <sup>1</sup>
<b>Volcanic Eruption</b> (Geologic Feature)		F	The ejection of volcanic materials (lava, pyroclasts, and volcanic gases) from a vent or fissure in the Earth's crust <sup>1</sup>
<b>Volcanic Threat</b> (Geologic Feature)		G	A vent or fissure in the Earth's crust where volcanic eruption is believed to be imminent <sup>2</sup>
<b>Hydro-Meteorologic</b> (Theme)	Reserved		
<b>Drizzle</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		H	Sometimes called <i>mist</i> ; very small, numerous, and uniformly dispersed water droplets that appear to float while following air currents and that, unlike fog droplets, fall to the ground
<b>Drought</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		I	A period of abnormally dry weather sufficiently prolonged for the lack of water to cause a serious hydrologic imbalance across the affected area. Drought severity depends upon the degree of moisture deficiency, the duration, and (to a lesser extent) the size of the affected area. In general, the term should be reserved for periods of moisture deficiency that are relatively extensive in both space and time.






(continues)

Table 10.4.2 Continued

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definition
<b>Flood</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		J	A relatively high stream flow that overtops the stream banks in any part of its course, covering land that is not normally under water <sup>1</sup> ; a condition that occurs when water overflows the natural or artificial confines of a stream or other body of water, or accumulates by drainage over low-lying areas
<b>Fog</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		K	A visible aggregate of minute water droplets suspended in the atmosphere near the Earth's surface [According to international definition, fog reduces visibility to less than 1 km (5/8 mi). Fog differs from clouds only in that the base of the fog is at the Earth's surface, while clouds are above the surface.]
<b>Hail</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		L	Precipitation in the form of circular or irregular-shaped lumps of ice <sup>3</sup>
<b>Inversion</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		M	A departure from the standard decrease or increase with altitude of value of an atmosphere property; almost always used to mean temperature inversion
<b>Rain</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		N	Precipitation in the form of liquid water drops that have diameters greater than 0.5 mm (0.2 in.)
<b>Sand Dust Storm</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		O	A strong wind carrying sand through the air, the diameter of most of the particles ranging from 0.08 mm to 1 mm (0 to 0.04 in.); in contrast to a dust storm, sand particles mostly confined to the lowest 0.6 m (2 ft) and rarely rising more than 15.2 m (50 ft) above the ground
<b>Snow</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		P	Precipitation composed of white or translucent ice crystals, chiefly of complex branched hexagonal form and often agglomerated into snowflakes
<b>Thunderstorm</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		Q	A consequence of atmospheric instability that constitutes an overturning of layers in order to achieve a more stable atmosphere; generally produces lightning, thunder, strong gusts of wind, heavy rain, and sometimes hail
<b>Tornado</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		R	A violently rotating column, or funnel, of air in contact with the ground and extending from the base of a thunderstorm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Tropical Cyclone</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		S	The general term for a cyclone that originates over the tropical oceans
<b>Tsunami</b> (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		T	A great sea wave produced by an earthquake or volcanic eruption, characterized by high speed of propagation, long wavelength, long period, and low observable amplitude on the open ocean <sup>1</sup> ; can reach enormous dimensions and has sufficient energy to travel across entire oceans; no connection with tides, as can be inferred from the commonly used term <i>tidal wave</i>
<b>Infestation</b> (Theme)	Reserved		

(continues)

Table 10.4.2 *Continued*





























































Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definition
<b>Bird Infestation</b> (Infestation Feature)		U	A harassing or troublesome invasion of birds <sup>4</sup>
<b>Insect Infestation</b> (Infestation Feature)		V	A harassing or troublesome invasion of insects
<b>Microbial Infestation</b> (Infestation Feature)		W	A harassing or troublesome invasion of microbes
<b>Reptile Infestation</b> (Infestation Feature)		X	A harassing or troublesome invasion of reptiles
<b>Rodent Infestation</b> (Infestation Feature)		Y	A harassing or troublesome invasion of rodents

Notes:

<sup>1</sup>Source: *Dictionary of Geological Terms*, 3rd edition.<sup>2</sup>Source: Logical extension of *volcanic eruption*.<sup>3</sup>Source: Adapted from National Weather Service glossary, [www.nws.noaa.gov/glossary.htm](http://www.nws.noaa.gov/glossary.htm).<sup>4</sup>Source: Derived from the definition of *infestation* in FactMonster.com dictionary.















































Table 10.5.2 Infrastructure Symbology Reference

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Infrastructures Background Symbol</b> (Background)	   	!	The background fill shape for the Infrastructures symbol, Level 1
<b>Infrastructures Frame Symbol</b> (Frame)	   	#	The frame shape for the Infrastructures symbol, Level 1
<b>Agriculture and Food Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	\$	Production and retail services of foodstuffs
<b>Agricultural Laboratory</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	%	Facilities used for scientific research in farming
<b>Animal Feedlot</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	&	Area designated for feeding livestock
<b>Commercial Food Distribution Center</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	(	Facility used for the disbursement of marketable foodstuffs
<b>Farm/Ranch</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	)	A piece of land on which crops or animals are raised
<b>Food Production Center</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	*	The locus where foodstuffs are produced
<b>Food Retail</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	+	Facility where foodstuffs are sold for a profit
<b>Grain Storage</b> (Agriculture and Food Feature)	   	'	Facility used for the housing of cereal seeds such as corn, wheat, or barley
<b>Banking, Finance, and Insurance Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	–	The management of money and other assets and their protection <sup>1</sup>
<b>ATM</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	·	An unattended machine commonly located at a bank's exterior that dispenses money when a personal coded card is inserted <sup>2</sup>
<b>Bank</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	/	A business establishment in which money is kept for saving for commercial purposes or is invested, supplied for loans, or exchanged <sup>1</sup>
<b>Bullion Storage</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	0	A facility used to deposit and warehouse gold or silver bars or ingots <sup>3</sup>
<b>Federal Reserve Bank</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	1	One of twelve regional banks that monitor and act as depositories for banks in their region <sup>2</sup>





















































(continues)

Table 10.5.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Financial Exchange</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	2	A marketplace in which shares, options, and futures on stocks, bonds, commodities, and indexes are traded <sup>4</sup>
<b>Financial Service Other</b> (Banking, Finance, and Insurance Feature)	   	3	A business establishment, other than a bank, for the provision of financial or monetary-related products and services; a location that deals with money management business
<b>Commercial Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	4	The locus of where a business enterprise is undertaken <sup>2</sup>
<b>Chemical Plant</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	5	An industrial site where chemical substances and/or compounds are produced <sup>2</sup>
<b>Firearm Manufacturer</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	6	A location where hand weapons of explosive force when shot are mass produced <sup>5</sup>
<b>Firearm Retailer</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	7	A location where hand weapons of explosive force when shot are sold <sup>6</sup>
<b>Hazardous Material Production</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	8	The locus of where hazardous chemicals and/or substances are produced and stored under regulated conditions
<b>Hazardous Material Storage</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	9	A storing location for a substance or combination of substances that, because of quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, radiological, explosive, or infectious characteristics, poses a potential danger to humans and/or the environment <sup>7</sup>
<b>Industrial Site</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	:	The locus of an industrial facility or facilities used for the commercial production and selling of manufactured goods <sup>1</sup>
<b>Landfill</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	;	An area of land or an excavation in which wastes are placed for permanent disposal, and which is not a land application unit, surface impoundment, injection well, or waste pile <sup>8</sup>
<b>Pharmaceutical Manufacturer</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	=	The location where medicinal drugs are mass produced <sup>9</sup>





























































(continues)

Table 10.5.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Superfund Site National Priorities List</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	?	A location in the United States that has been contaminated by hazardous waste and identified by the Environmental Protection Agency as a candidate for cleanup because it poses a risk to human health and/or the environment <sup>10</sup>
<b>Toxic Release Inventory</b> (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)	   	@	The location according to a publicly available database of chemical and other toxic waste releases <sup>10</sup>
<b>Educational Facilities Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	A	A building or collection of buildings or places in which knowledge is provided <sup>11</sup>
<b>College/University</b> (Educational Facilities Feature)	   	B	An institution of higher learning offering courses of studies leading to bachelor's, master's, or doctoral degrees <sup>12</sup>
<b>School</b> (Educational Facilities Feature)	   	C	A facility for the primary and secondary education of children <sup>13</sup>
<b>Energy Facilities Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	D	A building or collection of buildings and/or places that generates and provides electrical power
<b>Generation Station</b> (Energy Facilities Feature)	   	E	A facility equipped with special equipment used for the production of heat or electricity <sup>14</sup>
<b>Natural Gas Facility</b> (Energy Facilities Feature)	   	F	A location equipped with special equipment used to generate natural gas power
<b>Nuclear Facility</b> (Energy Facilities Feature)	   	G	A location equipped with special equipment used to generate nuclear power
<b>Petroleum Facility</b> (Energy Facilities Feature)	   	H	A building or place that provides and distributes petroleum gas
<b>Propane Facility</b> (Energy Facilities Feature)	   	I	A building or place that provides and distributes propane gas
<b>Government Site Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	J	The locus of where executive, legislative, and/or judicial activities take place in the service of the government
<b>Military Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	K	Refers collectively to the four major branches of the United States' armed forces as associated with armed services as contrasted with civilians






































(continues)

Table 10.5.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Military Armory</b> (Military Feature)	   	L	A military structure where arms and ammunition and other military equipment are manufactured and stored, and also where training is given in the use of arms <sup>2</sup>
<b>Military Base</b> (Military Feature)	   	M	The locus of where military personnel, weapons, and supplies are located and also where attacks and other operations are coordinated and launched
<b>Postal Service Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	N	The system whereby letters and other parcels are transmitted and delivered via the post office
<b>Postal Distribution Center</b> (Postal Feature)	   	O	A U.S. Postal Service (USPS) facility where mail is sorted and routed
<b>Post Office</b> (Postal Feature)	   	P	A USPS facility that directly delivers postal services to the public
<b>Public Venue Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	Q	An unrestricted place or places and events for a large gathering of people <sup>1</sup>
<b>Church</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	R	A building for public and especially Christian worship <sup>13</sup>
<b>Enclosed Facility</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	S	A roofed facility with walls
<b>Mosque</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	T	A building used for public worship by Muslims <sup>13</sup>
<b>Open Facility</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	U	An open-air facility with or without walls, for example, a stadium or a parking lot
<b>Recreational Area</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	V	A place dedicated to the refreshment of strength and spirits after work <sup>13</sup>
<b>Religious Institution</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	W	Any place of worship where religious services are held or prayers are said by a congregation loyal to a belief
<b>Synagogue</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	X	The house of worship and communal center of a Jewish congregation <sup>13</sup>
<b>Temple</b> (Public Venues Feature)	   	Y	A building for Mormon sacred ordinances <sup>13</sup>
<b>Special Needs Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	Z	Of or relating to people who have specific needs, such as those associated with a disability <sup>1</sup>



(continues)

Table 10.5.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Adult Day Care</b> (Special Needs Feature)	   	[	The locus of a nonresidential facility that provides supervision and assisted living services to adults, typically during the daylight hours
<b>Child Day Care</b> (Special Needs Feature)	   	]	A service involving care for other people's children <sup>1</sup>
<b>Elder Care</b> (Special Needs Feature)	   	^	The locus of a nursing home or a residential assisted-living facility in which full-time care is provided for the chronically ill, disabled, and elderly
<b>Telecommunications Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	‘	The electronic systems used in transmitting messages, as by telegraph, cable, telephone, radio, television, or computer <sup>1</sup>
<b>Telecommunications Facility</b> (Telecommunications Feature)	   	a	Any facility housing telecommunications equipment, studios, control rooms, or personnel
<b>Telecommunications Tower</b> (Telecommunications Feature)	   	b	A structure typically higher than its diameter and high relative to its surroundings to which telecommunications antennae are affixed <sup>13</sup>
<b>Transportation Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	c	Infrastructure, means of transport, and equipment necessary for the movement of passengers and/or goods
<b>Air Traffic Control Facility</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	d	A facility operated by the appropriate authority to promote the safe, orderly, and expeditious flow of air traffic <sup>8</sup>
<b>Airport</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	e	An area of land or other hard surface, excluding water, that is used or intended to be used for the landing and takeoff of aircraft and includes its buildings and facilities, if any <sup>8</sup>
<b>Bridge</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	f	A structure built over a gap to connect and maintain transportation flow between both sides of the gap <sup>15</sup>
<b>Bus Station</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	g	A terminal that serves bus passengers <sup>2</sup>
<b>Ferry Terminal</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	h	The location of a vehicle-carrying and commuter boat line terminus <sup>1</sup>
<b>Helicopter Landing Site</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	i	A site within a landing zone that contains one or more points for helicopters to land <sup>16</sup>





























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Table 10.5.2 *Continued*

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Lock</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	j	An enclosed part of a canal or river equipped with gates for raising or lowering the level of water so that boats and other vessels can pass <sup>15</sup>
<b>Maintenance Facility</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	k	A location where vehicles, machines, or any other mechanical devices are serviced for inspection or repair <sup>2</sup>
<b>Port</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	l	A location on a waterway with facilities for loading and unloading ships and other vessels <sup>1</sup>
<b>Rail Station</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	m	A depot where tracked transport vehicles or trains load and/or unload passengers or goods <sup>17</sup>
<b>Rest Stop</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	n	A roadside facility at which motorists can purchase refreshments, use restrooms, and/or acquire area information
<b>Ship Anchorage</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	o	A location suitable for securely anchoring ships and other vessels <sup>1</sup>
<b>Toll Facility</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	p	A gate or booth at which money is collected before and/or after motorists enter or exit a toll road (turnpike) <sup>15</sup>
<b>Traffic Control Point</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	q	The location of absolute signals controlled by an operator to regulate and maintain transportation flow
<b>Traffic Inspection Facility</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	r	Permanent facility equipped with scales where motor (shipping) vehicles transporting goods on public highways are required to stop and obtain gross vehicle and/or axle weights <sup>18</sup>
<b>Tunnel</b> (Transportation Feature)	   	s	An underground passageway used to connect and maintain transportation flow between physical or human-built obstructions <sup>15</sup>
<b>Water Supply Infrastructure</b> (Theme)	   	t	The storage, disinfection, filtration, and provision of drinking water to the consumer/ community by means of pipelines, pumps, water towers, wells, and other appurtenances <sup>19</sup>
<b>Critical Valve</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	u	A valve that regulates the speed, flow, or pressure of a fluid <sup>20</sup>
<b>Dam</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	v	A barrier constructed across a waterway to control the flow or raise the level of water <sup>1</sup>

(continues)

Table 10.5.2 Continued

Symbol Types and Terms	Symbols	Keystroke	Definitions
<b>Discharge Outfall</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	w	The volume of effluent that is released into receiving waters at a given location and within a given period of time <sup>21</sup>
<b>Ground Well</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	x	An artificial excavation drilled into the ground for the purposes of withdrawing water from underground aquifers <sup>22</sup>
<b>Pumping Station</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	y	Facility that lifts water up and over hills <sup>23</sup>
<b>Reservoir</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	z	An off-stream water storage facility that is filled with water pumped from a river or stream <sup>24</sup>
<b>Storage Tower</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	{	A large (usually metallic) container for holding gases or liquids <sup>2</sup>
<b>Surface Water Intake</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	}	A pipe through which wastewater is transferred directly to another site <sup>25</sup>
<b>Water Treatment Facility</b> (Water Supply Feature)	   	~	A place designed to receive the wastewater from domestic sources and to remove materials that damage water quality and threaten public health and safety when discharged into receiving streams or bodies of water <sup>22</sup>

## Notes:

<sup>1</sup>Source: Adapted from [www.dictionary.com](http://www.dictionary.com).<sup>2</sup>Source: Adapted from [www.hyperdictionary.com](http://www.hyperdictionary.com).<sup>3</sup>Source: [www.hyperdictionary.com](http://www.hyperdictionary.com); combined definitions of *bullion* and *storage*.<sup>4</sup>Source: Yahoo! Finance glossary, <http://biz.yahoo.com/f/g>.<sup>5</sup>Source: *Webster's New World Dictionary*; combined definitions of *firearm* and *manufacture*.<sup>6</sup>Source: *Webster's New World Dictionary*; combined definitions of *firearm* and *retail*.<sup>7</sup>Source: San Diego State University Emergency Plan glossary, <http://bfa.sdsu.edu/emergencyplan/glossary.htm>.<sup>8</sup>Source: Federal Aviation Administration glossary, [www.faa.gov/library/glossaries](http://www.faa.gov/library/glossaries).<sup>9</sup>Source: *Webster's New World Dictionary*; combined definitions of *pharmaceutical* and *manufacture*.<sup>10</sup>Source: Environmental Protection Agency, [www.epa.gov](http://www.epa.gov).<sup>11</sup>Source: [www.hyperdictionary.com](http://www.hyperdictionary.com); combined definitions of *educational* and *facility*.<sup>12</sup>Source: Adapted from *Merriam-Webster Online* definitions of *college* and *university*.<sup>13</sup>Source: Adapted from *Merriam-Webster Online*.<sup>14</sup>Source: [www.hyperdictionary.com](http://www.hyperdictionary.com); combined definitions of *generation* and *station*.<sup>15</sup>Source: Adapted from *Webster's New World Dictionary*.<sup>16</sup>Source: J. Reimer Training and Doctrine Digital Library, military terms glossary, [www.adtdl.army.mil/cgi-bin/atdl.dll/fm/3-21.38/gloss.htm](http://www.adtdl.army.mil/cgi-bin/atdl.dll/fm/3-21.38/gloss.htm).<sup>17</sup>Source: [www.hyperdictionary.com](http://www.hyperdictionary.com), adapted definition of *depot*.<sup>18</sup>Source: Nextlinx, [www.nextlinx.com/global%5Fcontent/traderefs/glossary.shtml](http://www.nextlinx.com/global%5Fcontent/traderefs/glossary.shtml), definition of *weigh station*.<sup>19</sup>Source: County of Maui (Hawaii) Water Supply glossary, [www.mauewater.org/glossary.html](http://www.mauewater.org/glossary.html), combined definitions of *water system* and *treated water*.<sup>20</sup>Source: "Valve World" glossary, [www.valve-world.net/glossary/index.asp](http://www.valve-world.net/glossary/index.asp), definition of *control valve*.<sup>21</sup>Source: Combined definitions of *outfall* from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency glossary and *discharge* from the U.S. Geologic Survey, [www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw/documents/swapdocglo.pdf](http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw/documents/swapdocglo.pdf) and <http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html>.<sup>22</sup>Source: Adapted from the U.S. Geological Survey Water Science glossary, <http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html>.<sup>23</sup>Source: Ridenbaugh Press, [www.ridenbaugh.com](http://www.ridenbaugh.com).<sup>24</sup>Source: Ohio Environmental Protection Agency glossary (term *upground reservoir*), <http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw/documents/swapdocglo.pdf>.<sup>25</sup>Source: U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources of New Hampshire and Vermont glossary. Combined definitions of *intake pipe* and *surface water return flow*, [http://nh.water.usgs.gov/Publications/OFR01-328/ofr01-328\\_glossary.pdf](http://nh.water.usgs.gov/Publications/OFR01-328/ofr01-328_glossary.pdf).



## Chapter 11 Emergency Evacuation Diagrams and Plans

**11.1 Introduction.** This chapter shall provide requirements on the preparation of floor diagrams and plans, posted within a building, to show the egress evacuation paths and locations of equipment used during an emergency. Building emergency information shall be provided to instruct or guide occupants in how to report an emergency; when to evacuate to the outside evacuation assembly area, to a designated area of refuge, to an area of rescue assistance, or to a designated shelter area; when to remain in place; or when to employ any combination of these options.

### 11.2 Composition.

**11.2.1** The composition of the diagrams shall be clear and simple and able to be quickly understood by occupants within the building. To avoid language barriers, graphic representation and symbols shall be used.

**11.2.2\*** A plan shall show a minimum of two ways to exit from the location of where the diagram/plan is posted, when possible, show the entire floor plan, but when unable to provide a key plan highlighting the area shown in accordance with NFPA 101. A plan shall show a minimum of two ways to exit from the location of where the diagram/plan is posted, showing the entire floor plan in accordance with NFPA 101. When unable to show the entire floor plan, provide a key plan highlighting the area.

**11.2.3** The symbols of this standard shall be used to make sure that a legend is provided on the diagram/plan explaining their meaning.

**11.2.4** The size of text, symbols, and information shall allow visibility by all occupants.

**11.2.5** The diagram shall be located at a height above the floor to be viewable by all occupants. Diagrams shall be located such that all employees and visitors will pass by during their stay in the building.

### 11.3\* Orientation.

**11.3.1** All diagrams shall be oriented with the top in the direction that the viewer is facing.

**11.3.2** There shall be a notation showing the location of the viewer and their orientation with the "you are here" notation pointing up to the sign location. This shall be the most dominant graphic on the diagram.

### 11.4 Information Shown.

**11.4.1** The information in 11.4.1.1 and 11.4.1.2 shall be shown on the plan area of the diagram or plan. Additional information shall be permitted to be added if it does not confuse the viewer during an emergency.

**11.4.1.1** The means of egress from the viewers' location shall be shown. This shall include all exit locations, exit access paths, stairways, elevators, elevator lobbies, areas of refuge, areas of rescue assistance, shelter areas, and exterior outside evacuation assembly areas.

**11.4.1.2** The equipment used during an emergency shall be shown in a key or legend. This key or legend shall include fire alarm pull stations, emergency phones, defibrillators (AED), fire extinguishers (if trained to use properly), or any other building-specific emergency equipment.

**11.4.2** The diagram or plan shall provide emergency phone numbers.

**11.4.3** The diagram or plan shall provide emergency evacuation guidelines describing the different emergency alert signals of when and what to do when the signals are sounded. If there are not any signals, the guidelines shall describe how the occupants will be instructed what to do in case of an emergency.

**11.5 Construction.** The diagram shall be constructed with materials that protect it from fading and wear.

**11.5.1 Materials.** Diagrams shall be made of any material including photoluminescent or self-luminous, provided that an electrical charge is not required to maintain the diagram luminescence. Materials shall comply with one of the following:

- (1) ASTM E2072, *Standard Specification for Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Safety Markings* and ASTM E2073, *Standard Test Method for Photopic Luminance of Photoluminescent (Phosphorescent) Markings*, or
- (2) ANSI/UL 1994, *Standard for Luminous Egress Path Marking Systems*.

## Annex A Explanatory Material

*Annex A is not a part of the requirements of this NFPA document but is included for informational purposes only. This annex contains explanatory material, numbered to correspond with the applicable text paragraphs.*

**A.3.2.2 Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).** The phrase "authority having jurisdiction," or its acronym AHJ, is used in NFPA documents in a broad manner, since jurisdictions and approval agencies vary, as do their responsibilities. Where public safety is primary, the authority having jurisdiction may be a federal, state, local, or other regional department or individual such as a fire chief; fire marshal; chief of a fire prevention bureau, labor department, or health department; building official; electrical inspector; or others having statutory authority. For insurance purposes, an insurance inspection department, rating bureau, or other insurance company representative may be the authority having jurisdiction. In many circumstances, the property owner or his or her designated agent assumes the role of the authority having jurisdiction; at government installations, the commanding officer or departmental official may be the authority having jurisdiction.

**A.3.2.4 Listed.** The means for identifying listed equipment may vary for each organization concerned with product evaluation; some organizations do not recognize equipment as listed unless it is also labeled. The authority having jurisdiction should utilize the system employed by the listing organization to identify a listed product.

**A.3.3.3 Referent.** A referent can be abstract, such as a condition concept, function, relationship, fact, or action.

**A.3.3.5 Supplementary Indicators.** Effectiveness of symbols can be supplemented by figures, numbers, subscripts, or letter abbreviations. These supplementary indicators can be placed inside of, or adjacent to, the symbol as seen fit. A legend of these indicators, with their meaning, should accompany each set of documents on which they are used.

**A.3.3.6 Symbol.** Ideally, a symbol should be graphically simple, should be readily understood, should have a strong impact, and should be easily remembered.



**A.4.1.2.3** Changes in line thickness, scale, or details are not recommended. In practice, symbols can be combined with other symbols or devices such as words and lighted panels to provide optimal visual alerting. This chapter does not specify viewing distance, size, or optimal combinations of symbols, words, or other presentations. The user is referred to other standards, such as those prepared by the NFPA Committee on Safety to Life and the ANSI Z355 Committee on Safety Signs and Colors, for such information.

**A.4.1.3** Reflective material or self-luminous or photoluminescent materials can be used. Consideration needs to be given to the proper mounting of self-luminous or photoluminescent symbols in well-lighted locations to ensure charging by exposure to ambient light.

**A.4.1.3.2.1** See Figure A.4.1.3.2.1.

**A.4.1.3.4** Examples of combinations of symbols that can be used include Exit Symbol Arrow, Exit Symbol with International Symbol of Accessibility, and Exit Symbol with Arrow and International Symbol of Accessibility.

**A.4.2** Use of the symbols is not restricted to the examples cited.

**A.5.1.1** The purpose of this chapter is to present uniform fire-fighting symbols in order to improve communication wherever symbology is employed in order to provide information to fire fighters and other emergency responders.

This chapter provides uniformity in the selection of symbols that are intended to assist fire fighters in locating utilities and fire-fighting equipment.

**A.5.1.2** In practice, symbols can be combined with other devices, such as words and lighted panels, to provide optimal visual alerting. This chapter does not specify viewing distance, size, or optimal combinations of symbols, words, and other presentations.

**A.5.1.3** Reflective material or self-luminous or photoluminescent materials can be used. Consideration needs to be given to the proper mounting of self-luminous or photoluminescent symbols in well-lighted locations to ensure charging by exposure to ambient light.

**A.5.1.3.1** Drawing scale, line thickness, and so forth are the subject of standards on drawing practice.

**A.5.2** Use of the symbols is not restricted to the examples cited.

The symbol for fire hydrant (all types) shown in Table 5.2 can be of particular use where vehicles or snowfall frequently obscures hydrant locations.

**A.6.1** This chapter on architectural and engineering symbols draws heavily on the symbols already developed by various societies, agencies, and industry.

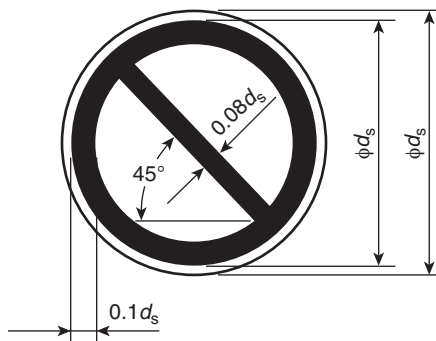
The purpose of this chapter is to provide uniformity in the use of fire safety and related symbols in the preparation of drawings and diagrams.

The symbols in this chapter are intended to be simple, transferable by use of templates, and limited to those referents that are used repetitively in a set of drawings.

The symbols in this chapter are intended for, but not limited to, architectural and engineering drawings, fire detection and suppression drawings, and fire risk and/or loss analysis diagrams.

The effectiveness of the symbols in this chapter can be enhanced by the use of supplementary figures, subscripts, numbers, or letter abbreviations.

Devices infrequently used in a given set of drawings and diagrams are not standardized by this document. They usually are accompanied by narrative description, either on the drawing or in specifications.



The colors of the sign shall be as follows:

Background color:	white
Circular band and diagonal bar:	red
Graphical symbol:	black
Border:	white

The safety color red shall cover at least 35 percent of the total area of the sign.

**FIGURE A.4.1.3.2.1 Example of a Prohibition Symbol.**