INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

ISO/IEC 13712-1

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1996-08-15

Information technology (5) Remote Operations: Concepts, model and notation

AMENDMENT 1; Built-in operations

Technologies de l'information — Opérations à distance: Concepts, modèle et notation

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Cor	ntents	100
		Page
1)	Subclause 3.3	M > 1
2)	Subclause 8.2.1	1
3)	Subclause 8.2	2
4)	Subclause 10.1	2
5)	Subclause 10.5.1	2
6)	Subalausa 10.5.2	2
7)	Subclauses 10.6 through 10.16. Subclauses 10.6 through 10.11. Annex A.	2
8)	Subclauses 10.6 through 10.11	2
10)	Annex A	4
10)	Annex D	
Š	Annex D. Circle to View the full poly. Circle to View the full pol	
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Amendment 1 to International Standard ISO/IEC 13712-1:1995 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, Information technology, Subcommittee SC 21, Open Systems interconnection, data management and open distributed processing, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Rec. X.880/Amd.1.

iii

Introduction

This amendment to Rec. X.880 | ISO/IEC 13712-1 provides the definition of three built-in operations. Probe, Acknowledge and Cancel – which are of general utility to designers of ROSE-based applications.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY - REMOTE OPERATIONS: CONCEPTS, MODEL AND NOTATION

AMENDMENT 1 **Built-in operations**

1) Subclause 3.3

Add the following new definition immediately after 3.3.7:

13112.1.10951AMD1.1096 idempotent: A characteristic of an operation that it can be invoked repeatedly without changing the state of **"3.3.8** the performer."

The definitions which follow definition 3.3.8, should be renumbered accordingly.

2) Subclause 8.2.1

Add the following field underlined to the OPERATION information object class:

```
OPERATION ::= CLASS
                            OPTIONAL,
      &ArgumentType
      &argumentTypeOptional BOOLEAN OPTIONAL,
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
      &returnResult
      &ResultType
                            OPTIONAL,
                            BOOLEAN OPTIONAL,
      &resultTypeOptional
                            ERROR OPTIONAL,
      &Errors
                            OPERATION OPTIONAL,
      &Linked
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
      &synchronous
      &idempotent
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
      &alwaysReturns
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
      &InvokePriority
                            Priority OPTIONAL,
                            Priority OPTIONAL,
       &ResultPriority
      &operationCode
                            Code UNIQUE OPTIONAL
WITH SYNTAX
                            &ArgumentType [OPTIONAL
                                                         &argumentTypeOptional]]
       IARGUMENT
       [RETURN RESULT
                            &returnResult]
                            &ResultType [OPTIONAL
                                                         &resultTypeOptional]]
       IRESULT
                            &Errors]
      [ERRORS
      [LINKED
                            &Linked]
       [SYNCHRONOUS
                            &synchronous]
                            &idempotent]
       [IDEMPOTENT
                            &alwaysReturns]
      [ALWAYS RESPONDS
                            &InvokePriority]
       [INVOKE PRIORITY
       [RESULT-PRIORITY
                            &ResultPriority]
       [CODE
                            &operationCode]
}
```

3) Subclause 8.2

Add a new subclause as follows:

"8.2.14 The &idempotent field specifies whether or not the operation is idempotent, taking the value TRUE if it is, and FALSE otherwise."

4) Subclause 10.1

```
"10.5.2 The operation is idempotent and does not return."

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"10.5.2 The observation is idempotent and in the observation is idempotent."

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```

10.6 Probe

10.6.1 The probe operation enquires about the outcome of a previously invoked operation. It is specified as follows:

```
probe OPERATION ::=
        RGUMENT
                     SEQUENCE
           invokeId
                     [0] InvokeId
       RESULT
                     ENUMERATED{running(0), finished(1), unknown(2), ...}
       IDEMPOTENT
                     TRUE
       CODE
                     local:-2
}
```

- 10.6.2 There is a single argument, of type InvokeId, which identifies the invoked operation being enquired about.
- 10.6.3 The request always returns a result, which indicates whether the operation invocation is still running, its performance is finished, or that it is unknown.

NOTE - An invocation may be unknown because it never happened, or because it has been forgotten by the performer.

- 10.6.4 The operation is idempotent.
- 10.6.5 A probe (with a result of finished) causes, as a side effect, the retransmission of any return from the invocation concerned, except if the operation was idempotent.

NOTE – This implies that the performer of a non-idempotent operation has to retain the response (result or error) if the probe operation has been included in the operation package.

10.7 Acknowledge

10.7.1 The acknowledge operation acknowledges receipt of the return of some (non-idempotent) operation invocation. It is specified as follows:

- 10.7.2 There is a single argument, of type InvokeId, which identifies the invocation whose return is being acknowledged.
- 10.7.3 The request always returns a result, which indicates either that the return is now considered acknowledged, or that the operation invocation concerned is unknown.

NOTE – An invocation may be unknown because it never happened, or because it has been forgotten by the performer.

- 10.7.4 The operation is idempotent.
- 10.7.5 This operation must be included in every operation package which includes the probe operation.

10.8 Probe and Acknowledge

10.8.1 The ProbeAndAcknowledge operation set comprises the two operations suggested by its name, and will frequently both be needed in a package. It is specified as follows:

```
ProbeAndAcknowledge OPERATION ::= {probe | acknowledge}
```

10.9 Cancel

10.9.1 The cancel operation requests the premature termination of the performance of an operation. Only operations which include the cancelled error (see 10.11) in their &Errors field can be cancelled. It is specified as follows:

ISO/IEC 13712-1: 1995/Amd.1: 1996 (E)

- 10.9.2 There is a single argument, of type InvokeId, which identifies the invoked operation being cancelled.
- 10.9.3 Should the request fail, a cancelFailed error (see 10.10) will be returned.
- 10.9.4 The operation is idempotent.

10.10 Cancel failed

10.10.1 A cancelFailed error reports a problem in performing a cancel. It is specified as follows:

```
cancelFailed ERROR ::=

{
    PARAMETER SET
    {
        problem [0] CancelProblem,
        operation [1] InvokeId
    }
    CODE local:-2
}

CancelProblem ::= ENUMERATED
    {unknownOperation(0), tooLate(1), operationNotCancellable(2), ...}
```

- 10.10.2 The various parameters have the meaning as defined in 10.10.2.1 and 10.10.2.2.
- 10.10.2.1 The particular problem encountered with cancellation is indicated from the following possibilities:
 - a) unknownOperation This operation invocation has either not happened, or has been forgotten.
 - b) tooLate The operation has already been performed, or the execution is at a stage that does not permit a cancellation.
 - c) operationNotCancellable The operation that was invoked was not one of those able to be cancelled.
- 10.10.2.2 The identification of the operation (invocation) which was to be cancelled.

10.11 Cancelled

The cancelled error is reported if some operation is cancelled. The error must be included in the &Errors field of the affected operation. It is specified as follows:

```
cancelled ERROR ::= {CODE local:-3}
```

9) Annex A

Change the first module reference as follows (with the change underlined):

Remote-Operations-Information-Objects {joint-iso-itu-t remote-operations(4) informationObjects(5) version2(1)}

Add the following field (underlined) to the OPERATION information object class:

```
OPERATION ::= CLASS
                            OPTIONAL.
      &ArgumentType
      &argumentTypeOptional BOOLEAN OPTIONAL,
                           BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
      &returnResult
      &ResultType
                            OPTIONAL,
      &resultTypeOptional
                            BOOLEAN OPTIONAL,
                            ERROR OPTIONAL,
      &Errors
      &Linked
                            OPERATION OPTIONAL,
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
      &synchronous
                           BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
      &idempotent
      &alwaysReturns
                            BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
      &InvokePriority
                            Priority OPTIONAL,
      &ResultPriority
                            Priority OPTIONAL,
                            Code UNIQUE OPTIONAL
      &operationCode
WITH SYNTAX
      [ARGUMENT
                            &ArgumentType [OPTIONAL
                                                         &argumentTypeOptional]]
      [RETURN RESULT
                            &returnResult]
                            &ResultType [OPTIONAL
                                                         &resultTypeOptional]]
      [RESULT
      IERRORS
                            &Errors]
      [LINKED
                            &Linked]
       [SYNCHRONOUS
                            &synchronous]
      IDEMPOTENT
                            &idempotent]
       [ALWAYS RESPONDS
                            &alwaysReturns]
       INVOKE PRIORITY
                            &InvokePriority]
       [RESULT-PRIORITY
                            &ResultPriority]
                            &operationCode]
       [CODE
                             ick to view the
}
```

Change the third module reference as follows (with the change underlined):

Remote-Operations-Useful-Definitions (joint-iso-itu-t remote-operations(4) useful-definitions(7) version2(1)}

Change the no-op OPERATION definition by adding an additional field (underlined) as follows: