INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1708

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Acceptance conditions for general purpose parallel lathes — Testing of the accuracy



ISO 1708: 1989 (E)

Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 1708 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 39, Machine tools.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 1708: 1983), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

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Acceptance conditions for general purpose parallel the full PDF of 150 lathes — Testing of the accuracy

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies, with reference to ISO 230-1, both geometrical and practical tests on general purpose parallel lathes, and gives the corresponding permissible deviations which apply.

It deals only with the verification of the accuracy of the machine. It does not apply to the testing of the running of the machine (vibrations, abnormal noises, stick-slip motion of components, etc.), or to the checking of machine characteristics (speeds, feeds, etc.,) which shall generally be checked before the accuracy is tested.

2 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 230-1: 1986, Acceptance code for machine tools — Part 1: Geometric accuracy of machines operating under no-load or finishing conditions.

Preliminary remarks

3.1 In this International Standard, all dimensions and deviations are expressed in millimetres and in inches.

To apply this International Standard, reference shall be made to ISO 230-1, especially for the installation of the machine before testing, warming up of spindles and other moving parts, description of measuring methods and recommended accuracy of testing equipment.

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- 3.3 The sequence in which the geometrical tests are given is related to the sub-assemblies of the machine, and this in no way defines the practical order of testing. In order to make the mounting of instruments or gauging easier, tests may be applied in any order.
- **3.4** When inspecting a machine, it is not always necessary to carry out all the tests given in this International Standard. It is up to the user to choose, in agreement with the manufacturer, those tests relating to the properties which are of interest to him, but the agreed tests shall be clearly stated when ordering a machine.
- 3.5 Practical tests shall be made with finishing cuts [for instance, depth = 0.1 mm (0.004 in); feed = 0.1 mm (0.004 in)per revolution] and not with roughing cuts, which are liable to generate appreciable cutting forces.
- **3.6** When establishing the tolerance for a measuring range different from that indicated in this International Standard (see ISO 230-1: 1986, 2.311) it should be taken into consideration that the minimum value of tolerance is 0,005 mm (0,000 2 in) for precision lathes and 0,01 mm (0,000 4 in) for other lathes.

4 Acceptance conditions and permissible deviations

4.1 Geometrical tests

			Precisio	- lothoo
No.	Diagram	Object	mm	in
			D _a < 500 and DC < 1500	
G1	a) b) com.	A — Bed Verification of levelling of slideways. a) Longitudinal verification: straightness of slideways in the vertical plane. b) Fransverse verification: slideways shall be in the same plane.	DC < 500 0,01 (convex) 500 < DC < 1 000 0,015 (convex) Local tolerance 1,0,005 over any measured length of 250 1 000 < DC < 1 500 0,02 (convex) Local tolerance 1,0,005 over any measured length of 250 b) Variation in level: 0,03/1 000	DC < 20 0,000 4 (convex) 20 < DC ≤ 40 0,000 6 (convex) Local tolerance**): 0,000 2 over any measured length of 10 40 < DC ≤ 60 0,000 8 (convex) Local tolerance**): 0,000 2 over any measured length of 10 b) Variation in level: 0,001 2/40
G2	a) Taut wire Deviation	B — Carriage Checking of straightness of carriage movement in a horizontal plane or, possibly, in a plane defined by the axis of the centres and the tool point.	DC ≤ 500 0,01 500 < DC ≤ 1 000 0,015 1 000 < DC ≤ 1 500 0,02	DC < 20 0,000 4 20 < DC < 40 0,000 6 40 < DC < 60 0,000 8

^{*)} DC = distance between centres.

 $D_{\rm a} = {\rm maximum}$ permissible diameter above the bed.

^{**)} See clause 5.

	Other	Measuring	Observations and references		
mm		in		instruments	to the ISO 230-1 : 1986 acceptance code
D _a < 800	800 < D _a < 1 600	D _a ≤ 32	32 < D _a ≤ 64		
DC ·	500	DC	< 20		
0,01 (convex)	0,015 (convex)	0,000 4 (convex)	0,000 6 (convex)		
500 < Do	C ≤ 1 000	20 < D	C ≤ 40		0
0,02 (convex)	0,03 (convex)	0,000 8 (convex)	0,001 2 (convex)		108:1089
Local tole	rance**):	Local tole	l erance**):		0:
0,007 5	0,01	0,000 3	0,000 4		100
over any measu	red length of 250	over any measu	red length of 10	Precision	
				levels, optical	S
	1 000		> 40 I	or other methods	a) Subclauses 3.11, 3.21, 5.212.21
	ocrease in distance byond 1 000, add to		in distance between 40, add to the	~ ~ ·	and 5.212.22 Take measurements at a number of p
the corresponding p		corresponding prece		OV.	itions equally spaced along the length
0,01	0,02	0,000 4	0,000 8		the bed.
Local tole	erance**):	Local tole	erance**):	X	The levels may be placed on transverse slide.
0,015	0,02	0,000 6	0,000 8		When the slideways are not horizon
over any measur	ed length of 500	over any measu	red length of 20		use a special straightedge as mentic in subclause 5.212.21 (2°), figure 12
b) Variation	n in level :	b) Variation	in level:		b) Subclause 5.412.7
0,04/	1 000	0,001	6/40		Place a level transversely on
		, C		Precision levels	slideways and take measurements a number of positions equally spac- along the length of the slideways.
		COM			The variation in level measured at a position shall not exceed the permissil deviation.
DC «	< 500 C	DC	≤ 20	a) For <i>DC</i>	a) Subclause 5.232.3 a) or 5.232.1
0,015	0,02	0,000 6	0,000 8	< 1 500 mm	Touch the front generatrix of the mand
	OPK			gauge and (instead of the mandrel	(instead of the mandrel, a straighted with parallel faces may be used).
500 < D		$20 < D_0^1$	<i>C</i> ≤ 40	between centres or	The length of the mandrel betwee centres shall be as nearly as possi
0,02	0,025	0,000 8	0,001	straight- edge	equal to the value of <i>DC</i> .
DC >	1 000	DC >	> 40	b) Whatever	b) Subclauses 5.212.3 and 5.232.3 b)
For each 1 000 incre		For each 40 increase		the value of	
tween centres beyor corresponding prece	nd 1 000, add to the	centres beyond 40,	add to the corre-	<i>DC</i> , taut wire and	The deviation in straightness of carria movement shall, other than in exce
0,0		sponding preceding tolerance: 0,000 2		microscope	tional cases, be concave relative to t axis of the centres.
				or optical methods	and of the control.
Maximum permis		Maximum permis			
0,03	0,05	0,001 2	0,002	l	

			Precision lathes		
No.	Diagram	Object	mm	in	
			D _a ≤ 500 and DC ≤ 1500	$D_{\rm a}$ < 20 and DC < 60	
G3	b)	Checking of parallelism of tailstock movement to carriage movement: a) in the horizontal plane; b) in the vertical plane.	a) 0,02 Local tolerance: 0,01 over any measured length of 500 b) 0,03 Local tolerance: 0,02 over any measured length of 500	a) 0,000 8 Local tolerance: 0,000 4 over any measured length of 20 0,001 2 Local tolerance: 0,000 8 over any measured length of 20	
G4	F**)	C — Headstock spindle a) Measurement of periodic axial slip. b) Measurement of camming of the face plate resting surface.	a) 0,005 . b) 0,01 including periodic axial slip	a) 0,000 2 b) 0,000 4 including periodic axial slip	
G5	F**)	Measurement of run-out of spindle nose centring sleeve.	0,007	0,000 3	
G6	ARDS IS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Measurement of run-out of axis of centre: a) at the spindle nose of the housing; b) at a distance from the spindle nose equal to $D_a/2$ or not more than 300 mm (12 in) 1).	a) 0,005 b) 0,015 for a measuring length of 300 0,01 for a measuring length of 200 0,005 for a measuring length of 100	a) 0,000 2 b) 0,000 6 for a measuring length of 12 0,000 4 for a measuring length of 8 0,000 2 for a measuring length of 4	

^{*)} DC = distance between centres.

 $D_{\mathrm{a}} = \mathrm{maximum}$ permissible diameter above the bed.

^{**)} F = constant pressure on headstock spindle to eliminate axial bearing end play.

Other lathes					Measuring	Observations and references
mm			iı	า	Measuring instruments	to the ISO 230-1 : 1986
D_{a}	< 800	800 < D _a < 1 600	D _a < 32	32 < D _a < 64		acceptance code
		1 500	DC	< 60		
a) and	ы 0.03	a) and b) 0,04	a) and b) 0,001 2	a) and b) 0,001 6		
	Local to	loranoo :	Local to			
	0.0		0,00			Subclause 5.422.5
ove	,	ed length of 500	over any measu			With the tailstock as close as possible
					5: 1	the carriage take the readings when bo
	DC > 0	1 500	DC :	> 60	Dial gauge	are moved together; keep the tailsto sleeve locked so that the dial gauge fix
	a) and	b) 0,04	a) and b	0,001 6		on the carriage always touches the sa
	Local to	lerance:	Local to	lerance:		point.
	0,0	03	0,00	01 2		^'
ove	r any measur	ed length of 500	over any measu	red length of 20		S
					٤	9
					40	Subclauses 5.62, 5.621.2, 5.622.2
					9Q,	and 5.632
a)	0,01	a) 0,015	a) 0,0004	a) 0,0006	Dial gauge	For the position of the dial gauge,
					and, possibly, a special	subclauses 5.62, 5.622 and 5.623, figu 59 to 64 and 67.
b)	0,02	ы 0,02	ы 0,0008	b) 0,000 8	device	The value of force F to be applied for
i	ncluding peri	odic axial slip	including peri	odic axial slip		tests a) and b) shall be specified by
				110		manufacturer.
				XO T		Subclauses 5.612.2 and 5.621.2
			•.0	*		The value of force F to be applied si
	0,01	0.015	0.000 4	0.000 6	Dial gauge	be specified by the manufacturer.
	3,51	5,5.5	0,000 4	2,222	a ran garage	In the case of a tapered spindle nose,
			Oh,			the dial gauge perpendicular to generating line of the taper.
			C			generating line of the taper.
		C	O.			
		S.				
a)	0,01	a) 0,015	a) 0,0004	a) 0,0006		
b)	0,02	b) 0,05	ы) 0,0008	ы) 0,002		
	measuring	for a measuring	for a measuring	for a measuring		
leng	th of 300	length of 500	length of 12	length of 20		
	Ġ				Dial gauge	Subclause 5.612.3
					and test mandrel	
						1) For lathes such that $D_a > 800 \text{ m}$ (32 in), the measuring length might
						increased up to 500 mm (20 in).

			Precision	n lathae
No.	Diagram	Object	mm	in
			D _a < 500 and DC < 1500	$D_{\rm a}$ < 20 and DC < 60
G 7	b)	Checking of parallelism of spindle axis to carriage longitudinal movement on a length equal to $D_a/2$ or a maximum equal to 300 mm (12 in) ¹⁾ :		
G/		a) in the horizontal plane;	a) 0,01/300 frontwards	a) 0,000 4/12 frontwards
		b) in the vertical plane.	b) 0,02/300 upwards	b) 0,000 8/12 upwards
G8	F**)	Measurement of run-out of headstock centre.	0,01	0,000 4
G9	b) a)	D — Tailstock Checking of parallelism of the axis of the outside of tailstock sleeve to carriage movement: a) in the horizontal plane; b) in the vertical plane.	a) 0,01/100 frontwards b) 0,015/100 upwards	a) 0,000 4/4 frontwards b) 0,000 6/4 upwards
G10	a)	Checking of parallelism of taper bore of sleeve to carriage movement on a length equal to $D_a/4$ or a maximum equal to 300 mm (12 in) ¹⁾ : a) in the horizontal plane; b) in the vertical plane.	a) 0,02/300 frontwards b) 0,02/300 upwards	a) 0,000 8/12 frontwards b) 0,000 8/12 upwards
G11		E — Centres Checking of difference in height between headstock centre and tailstock centre.	0,02 Tailstock centre higher than headstock centre	0,000 8 Tailstock centre higher than headstock centre

^{*)} DC = distance between centres.

 $D_{\rm a} = {
m maximum\ permissible\ diameter\ above\ the\ bed.}$

^{**)} F = constant pressure on headstock spindle to eliminate axial bearing end play.

	Other	Measuring	Observations and reference		
n	mm in		n	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 : 1986 acceptance code
<i>D</i> _a < 800	$800 < D_a \le 1600$ $D_a \le 32$ $32 < D_a \le 64$		acceptance code		
 a) 0,015/300 frontwards b) 0,02/300 upwards 	a) 0,03/500 frontwards b) 0,04/500 upwards	a) 0,000 6/12 frontwards b) 0,000 8/12 upwards	a) 0,001 2/20 frontwards b) 0,001 6/20 upwards	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclauses 5.412.1 and 5.422.3 1) For lather such that $D_a > 800$ (32 in), the measuring length might increased up to 500 mm (20 in).
0,015	0,02	0,000 6	0,000 8	Dial gauge	Subclauses 5.612.2 and 5.621.2 The dial gauge being placed perpendilarly to the taper surface of the hicentre, and tolerance being given in plane perpendicular to the spindle advide the readings observed by cosobeing the semi cone angle of the tap. The value of force F to be applied so be specified by the manufacturer.
 a) 0,015/100 frontwards b) 0,02/100 upwards 	a) 0,02/100 frontwards b) 0,03/100 upwards	a) 0,000 6/4 frontwards b) 0,000 8/4 upwards	a) 0,000 8/4 frontwards b) 0,001 2/4 upwards	Dial gauge	Subclause 5.422.3 After the tailstock sleeve has been s ficiently extended, it shall be locked under normal working conditions.
a) 0,03/300 frontwards b) 0,03/300 upwards	a) 0,05/500 frontwards b) 0,05/500 upwards	a) 0,001 2/12 frontwards b) 0,001 2/12 upwards	a) 0,002/20 frontwards b) 0,002/20 upwards	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclause 5.422.3 Lock the tailstock sleeve as under norm working conditions. 1) For lathes such that $D_a > 800 \text{ r}$ (32 in), the measuring length might increased up to 500 mm (20 in).
	0,06 ck centre eadstock centre		0,002 4 k centre adstock centre	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclause 5.422.3 Touch the top generatrix of the mand Take readings at the extremities of test mandrel with the tailstock at tailstock sleeve locked, as under nor working conditions.

No.	Diagram	Object	Precision lathes		
NO.	Diagram	Object	mm	in	
			$D_{\rm a}$ < 500 and DC < 1500	$D_{\rm a}$ < 20 and DC < 60	
G12		F — Upper slide Checking of parallelism of the longitudinal movement of the upper slide to the spindle axis.	0,015/150	0,000 6/6	
G13		G — Cross slide Measurement of squareness of the transverse movement of the cross slide to the spindle axis.	0,01/300 Direction of deviation: $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	0,000 4/12 Direction of deviation: $\alpha > 90^{\circ}$	
G14		H — Lead screw Measurement of periodic axial slip due to camming of each thrust bearing.	0,01	0,000 4	
G15	- DIMINING COM. CI	Checking of the cumulative pitch error generated by the lead screw.	a) 0,03 over any measured length of 300 b) 0,01 over any measured length of 60	a) 0,001 2 over any measured length of 12 b) 0,000 4 over any measured length of 2,4	

^{*)} DC = distance between centres.

 $D_{\mathrm{a}}\,=\,\mathrm{maximum}$ permissible diameter above the bed.

	Other	Measuring	Observations and references		
mm		iı	า	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 : 1986
D _a < 800	800 < D _a < 1 600	D _a < 32	32 < D _a < 64		acceptance code
0,04	1/300	0,001	6/12	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclause 5.422.3 Make the measurement in the veriplane (after setting up the upper sparallel with the spindle axis in horizontal plane), only in the work position of the upper slide.
Direction o	//300 f deviation : 90°	0,000 Direction of α >	deviation:	Dial gauge and flat disk or straightedge	Subclauses 5.522.3 and 3.22
0,015	0,02	0,000 6	0,000 8	Dial gauge	Subclauses 5.622.1 and 5.622.2 This operation may be deleted if pract test P3 is carried out.
over any measur DC > For each 1 000 in between centres be the corresponding p 0,0 Maximum permi 0,0	od4 red length of 300 2 000 acrease in distance eyond 2 000, add to receding tolerance: 005 assible deviation:	a) 0,00 over any measur DC = For each 40 increase centres beyond 80, and ding preceding tolera 0,00 Maximum permis 0,0 b) 0,00 over any measur	ed length of 12 > 80 in distance between dd to the correspondence: 0 2 sible deviation: 02	made by means the flanks of the (12 in) length he Other lathes. Len gauge so as to co corresponding re However, for bo screw accuracy (four generators s	Subclauses 6.1 and 6.2 A record of the pitch accuracy will of an electric pick-up, for instance, fee threads of a master lead screw of 300 relations of the second with a suppare the carriage travel to the number evolutions of the spindle. The classes of lathes, a record of the leaver a specified length and checked alcohifted 90° forward) should be satisfacted ement between manufacturer and user on and the values of the permissible deviation, the dover 300 mm.

4.2 Practical tests

No.	Diagram	Nature of test	Cutting conditions	Checks to be applied
P1	$\frac{l_1}{2} \frac{l_1}{2}$ $l_2 l_2$ l_1	Machining of cylindrical test-pieces**) held in a chuck (the cylindrical test-piece may be inserted in the taper bore of the spindle) $D \geqslant \frac{D_a}{8}$ $l_1 = 0.5 D_a$ $l_1 \max. = 500 \text{mm} (20 \text{in})$ $l_2 \max. = 20 \text{mm} (0.8 \text{in})$	Machining of three diameters [two, if $l_1 < 50$ mm (2 in)] on a cylinder with a single-point tool.	a) Circularity Variation in diameter at the location end of the test-piece for at least four readings (see ISO 1101 : 1983, 14.3). b) Consistency of machined diameters Variation between machined diameters at either end of the test-piece measured in a single axial plane. Any taper shall be such that the major diameter is near the headstock.
P2	20mm (0,8in)	Machining of cylindrical test-pieces **) held in a chuck $D > 0.5 D_a$ $\text{max.} = \frac{D_a}{8}$	Facing of flat surfaces perpendicular to the spindle (facing only two or three surfaces, one of which is central).	Surface flatness. Deviation of flatness should only be allowed in a concave direction.
Р3		Threading of a cylindrical test-piece **) $L = 300 \text{ mm } (2 \text{ in})$ ISO triangular thread (ISO 68)	The start of the screw thread is taken from any point on the lead screw. Diameter and pitch shall be as close as possible to those of the lead screw.	Cumulative error over 300 mm.

^{*)} DC = distance between centres.

 $D_a = \text{maximum permissible diameter above the bed.}$

^{**)} Test-pieces shall be made of free cutting steel or cast iron.